

From Thin Films to Power Delivering Micro-Solid Oxide Fuel Cell Membranes

Jennifer L.M. Rupp, P. Elser, A. Evans, H. Galinski, T. Ryll, B. Scherrer, R. Tölke, D. Yesudas, A. Bieberle-Hütter, L.J. Gauckler.



Outline

Introduction

Results on μ SOFC

Thin films

Processing

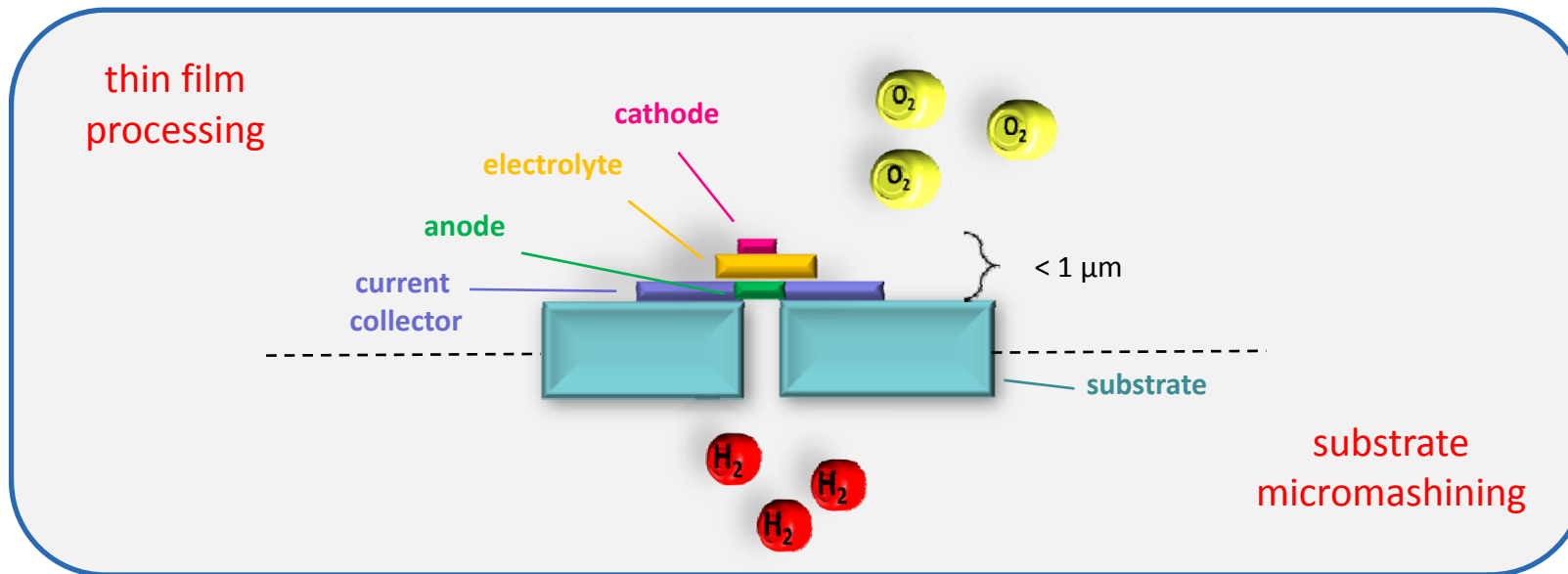
Power

Summary

Outlook

Micro-Solid Oxide Fuel Cell (μ SOFC) Membranes

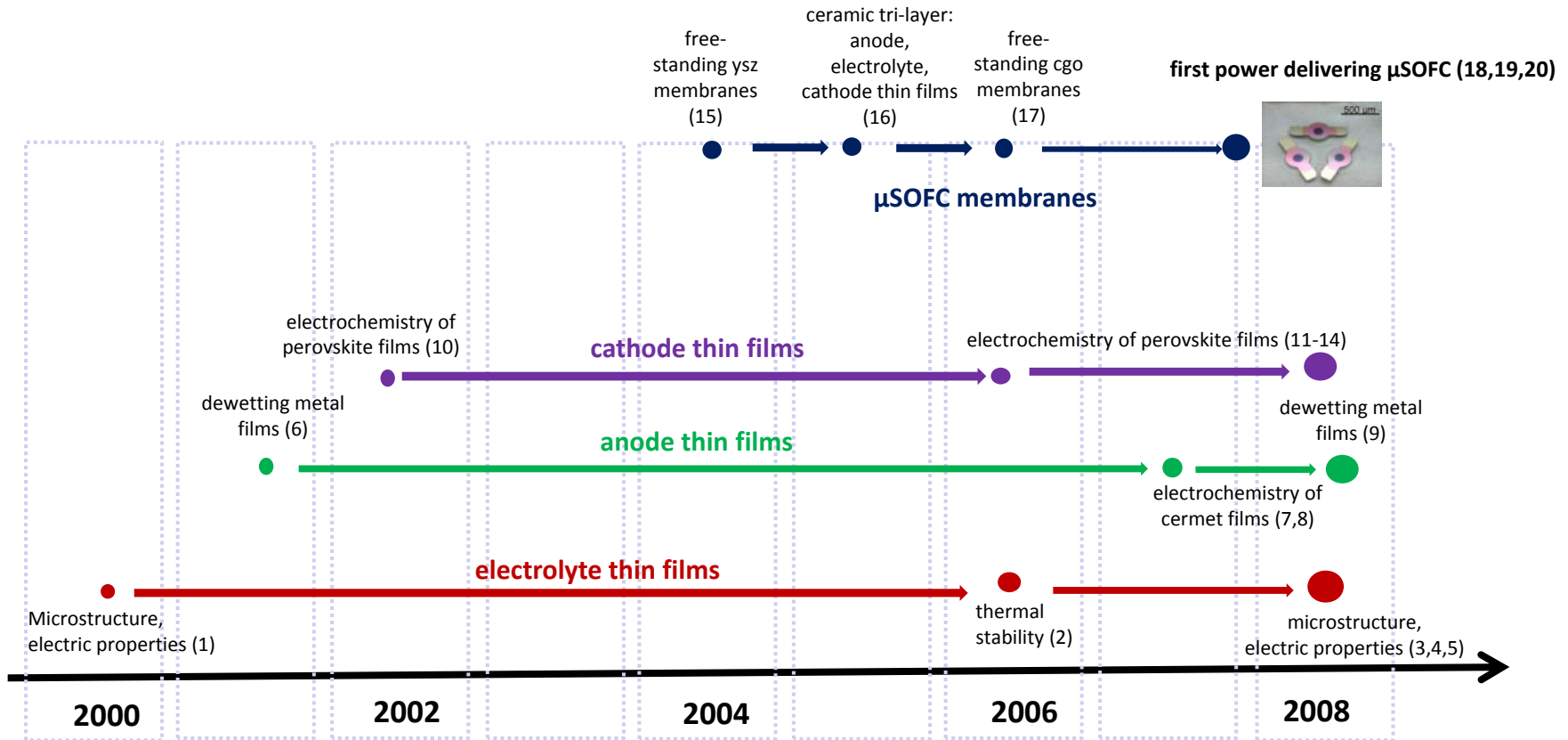
μ SOFCs: Replacement of Li-ion batteries in portable electronics



- High efficiency & energy density, fuel flexibility, geographically independence
- Per membrane $> 400 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ at $200\text{-}550^\circ\text{C}$

Bieberle-Hutter, A., et al., A micro-solid oxide fuel cell system as battery replacement. Journal of Power Sources, 2008. 177(1): p. 123-130.

From thin films to power delivering μ SOFCs



(1) I Kosacki et al., H Anderson, Solid State Ionics, 2000, 136: 1225.
 (2) JLM Rupp et al., LJ Gauckler, Acta Materialia, 2006, 54(7): 1721.
 (3) S Heiroth et al., T Lippert Appl. Physica A, 2008, in press.
 (4) H Huang et al., F Prinz, Solid State Ionics, 2008, in press.
 (5) JLM Rupp et al., LJ Gauckler, J. of American Cer. Soc., 2007, 90(6): 1792
 (6) X Hu et al., S. Averbach, J. of Appl. Physics, 2001, 89(12): 7777.

(7) J Hertz, H Tuller, J of Electrochemistry, 2007, 154(4): B413.
 (8) U Muecke, LJ Gauckler, Solid State Ionics 2008, 178: 1762.
 (9) Wang et al., F Prinz, J. of Power Sources, 2008, 175: 75.
 (10) V Brichzin, J Fleig, et al., J. Maier, Solid State Ionics 2002, 152: 499.
 (11) A Bieberle-Hütter, M Søgaard, HL Tuller, Solid State Ionics, 2006, 177 : 1969.
 (12) D Beckel et al., LJ Gauckler, Solid State Ionics, 2007, 178 : 407.

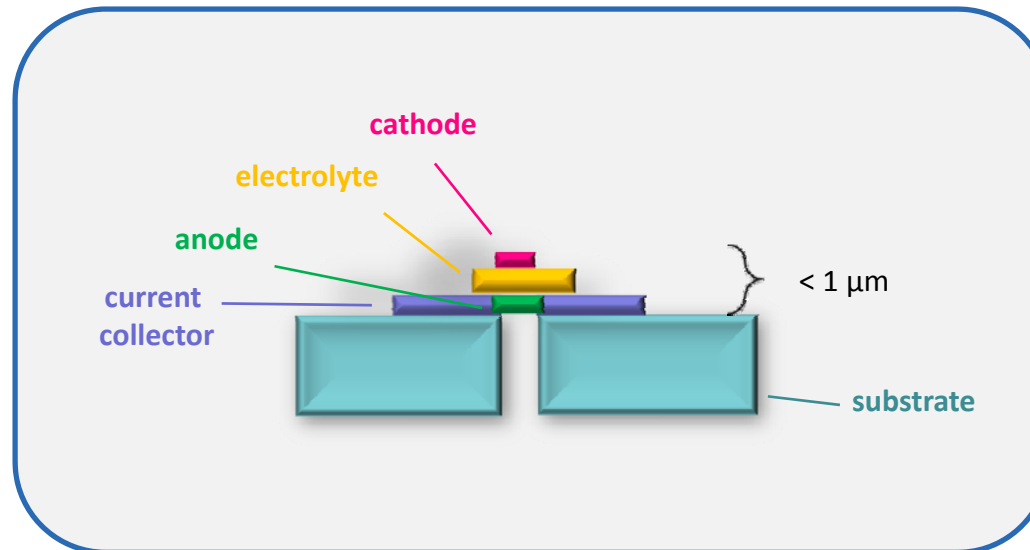
(13) M Prestat et al., LJ Gauckler, J. of Electroceramics, 2007, 18: 111.
 (14) C Peters, A Weber, E Ivers-Tiffée, J. of the Electrochemical Society, 2008, 155 [7]: B730
 (15) CD Baertsch, H Tuller, J. of Material Research, 2004, 19(9)
 (16) JLM Rupp, U Muecke, D. Beckel, LJ Gauckler, ETH Zurich, 2005
 (17) M Greenberg et al., Adv. Funct. Materials, 2006, 16(1): 48.
 (18) UP. Muecke et al., LJ Gauckler, Adv. Funct. Materials, accepted 2008.
 (19) H Huang et al., F Prinz, J. Electrochem. Soc., 2007, 154: B20.
 (20) JH Shim, F Prinz, J. of the Electrochemical Society, 2007, 154 (1): B20

From thin films to power delivering μ SOFCs

SOFC thin film properties:
thermal, electric &
thermodynamic ???

How to electrochemically
test a μ -SOFC membrane
???

Maximum
 μ SOFC power
???



Microstructuring
of SOFC thin films
???

Mechanical and
thermal stability
of μ -SOFC
membranes ???

Plenty unsolved questions: From fundamental thin film properties to power delivering μ SOFC

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Thin films

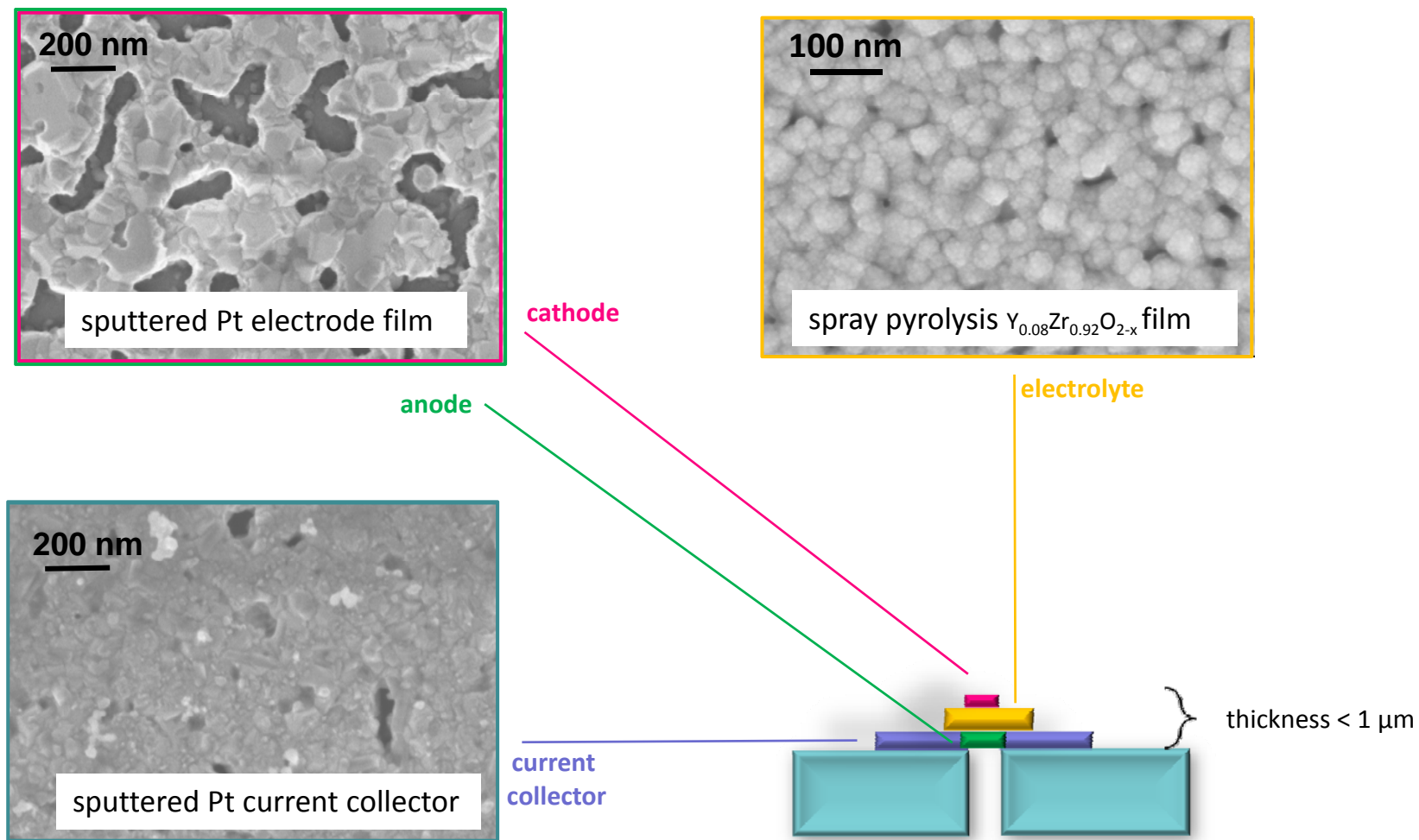
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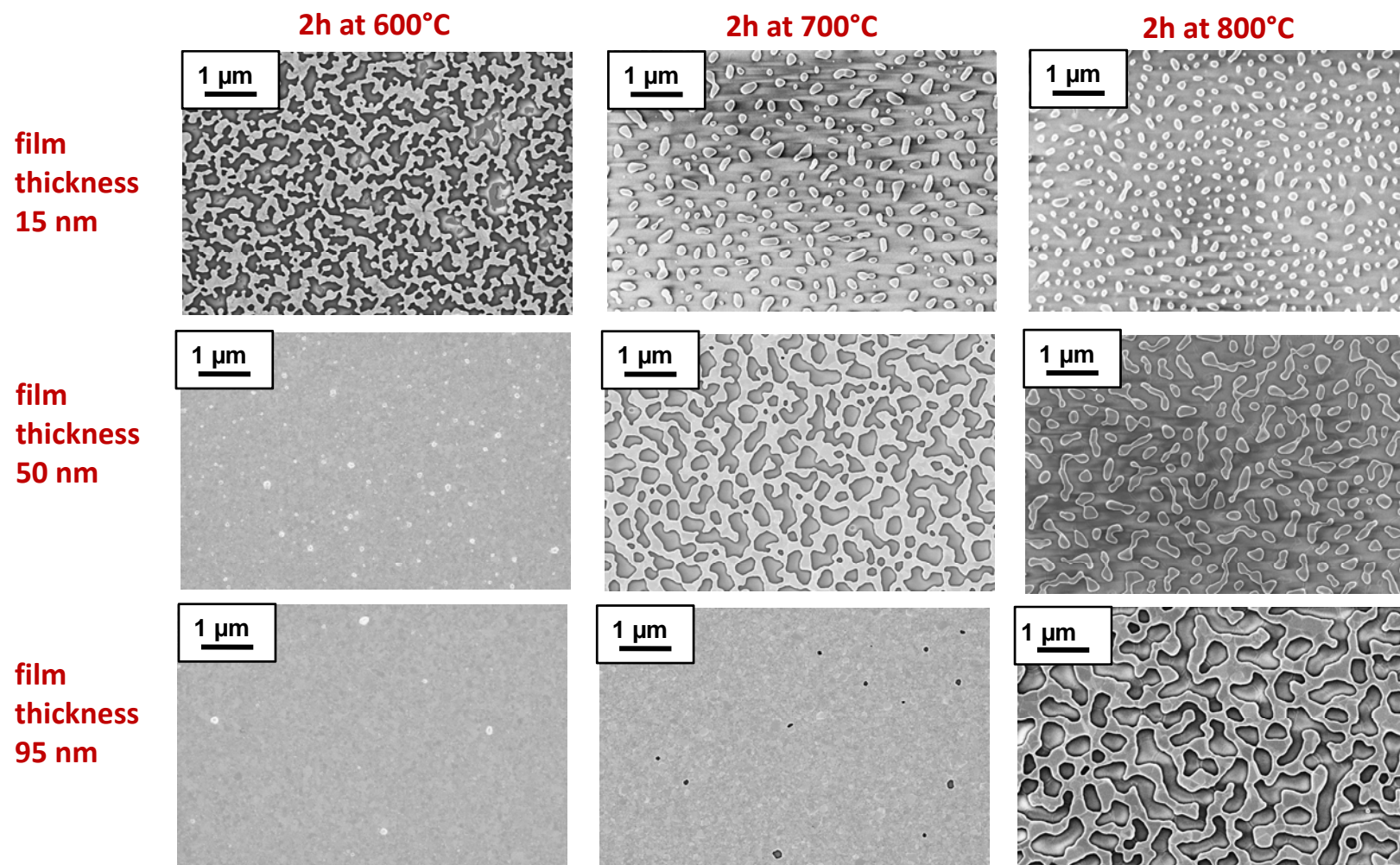
Outlook

The simplest μ SOFC thin film material concept

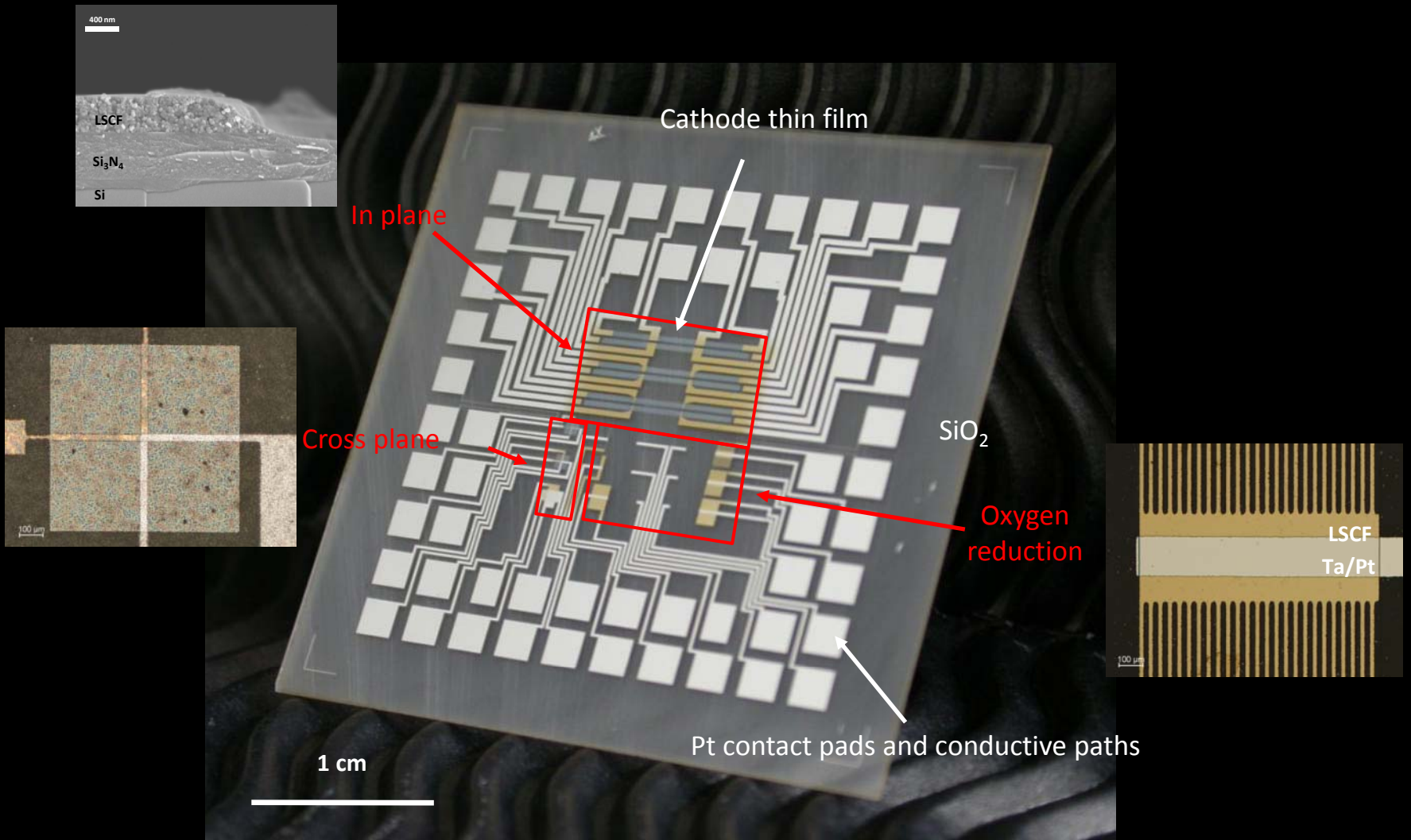


Only 2 film materials Pt and $\text{Y}_{0.08}\text{Zr}_{0.92}\text{O}_{2-x}$: Microstructures & electric properties triggered via annealing.

Platinum Thin Film Electrodes



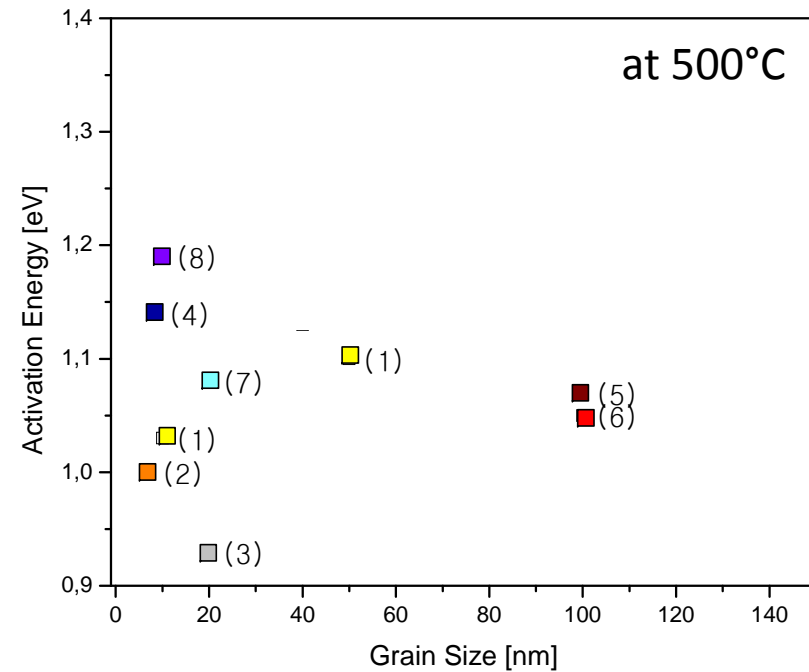
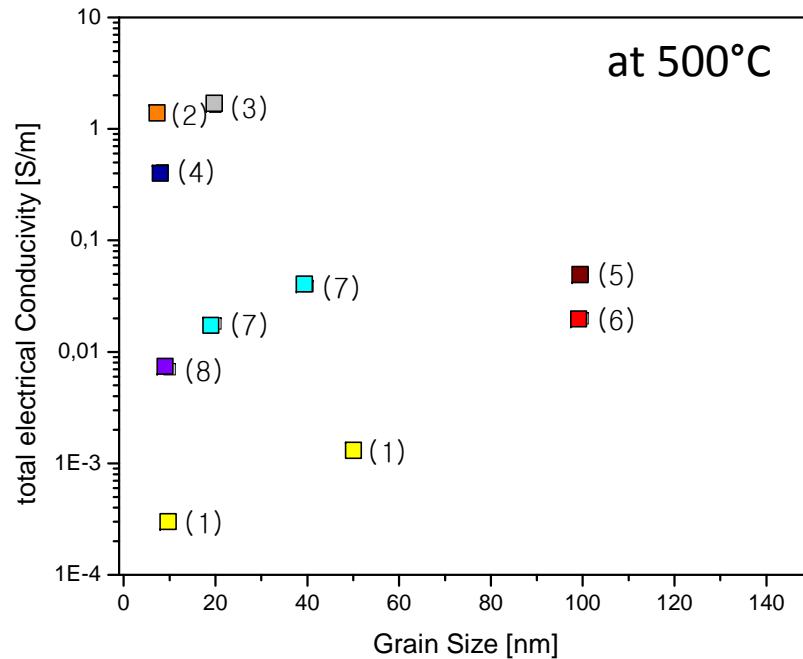
Pt thin film dewetting is strongly $f(\text{film thickness, temperature}) \rightarrow$ trigger the electrode ASR



Special electrochemical test-chips developed for μ SOFC electrode characterization

$Y_{0.08}Zr_{0.92}O_{2-x}$ Electrolyte – Electrical Conduction

on-going PhD thesis: Barbara Scherrer, Nonmetallic Inorganic Materials, ETH Zurich



[1] Infotuna, A., A.S. Harvey, and L.J. Gauckler, *Advanced Functional Materials*, 2008. 18: p. 127-135.

[2] Hertz, J.L. and H.L. Tuller, *Journal of Electroceramics*, 2004. 13(1-3): p. 663-668.

[3] Kosacki, I., et al., *Solid State Ionics*, 2000. 136-137: p. 1225-1233.

[4] Garcia-Sanchez, M.F., et al., *Solid State Ionics*, 2008. 179(7-8): p. 243-249.

[5] J. H. Joo and G. M. Choi, *Solid State Ionics*, vol. 177, pp. 1053-1057, 2006.

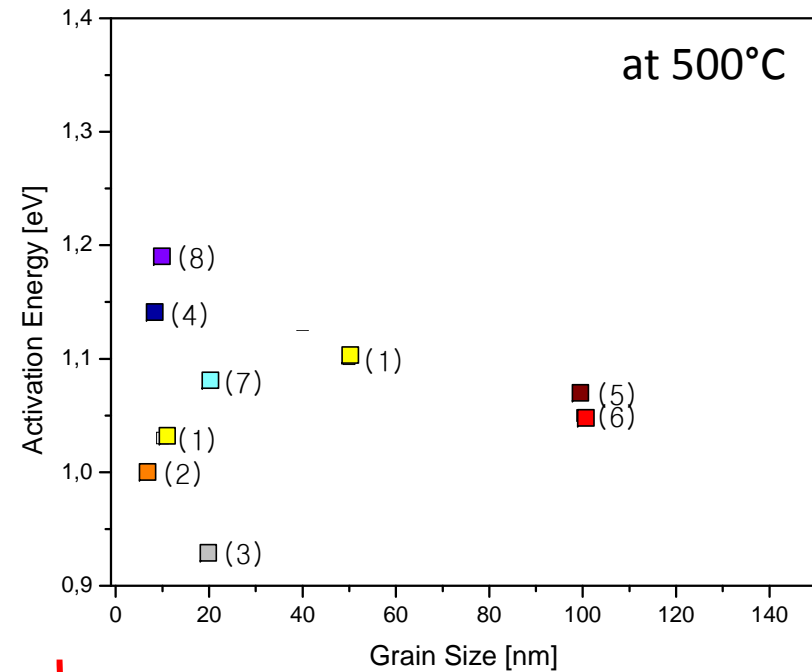
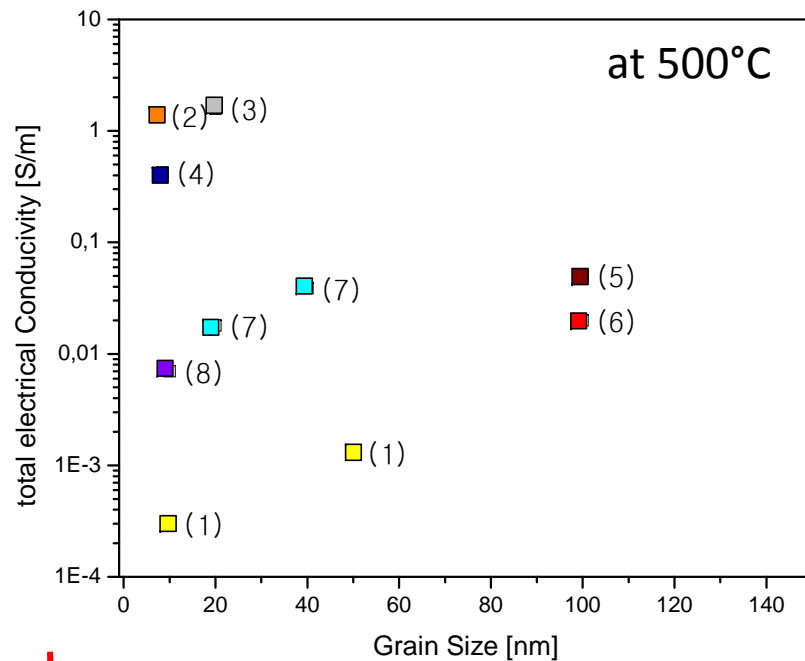
[6] T. Petrovsky, H. U. Anderson, and V. Petrovsky, *Solid State Ionics - 2002. Symposium (Mater. Res. Soc. Symposium Proceedings Vol.756)*, pp. 515-20[xvi+575], 2003.

[7] S. Heiroth, Th. Lippert, A. Wokaun and M. Döbeli, *Applied Physics A*, [in press]

[8] D. Perednis, PhD, ETH Zurich, Nr. 15190, 2003.

Y_{0.08}Zr_{0.92}O_{2-x} Electrolyte – Electrical Conduction

on-going PhD thesis: Barbara Scherrer, Nonmetallic Inorganic Materials, ETH Zurich



Conduction scatters 3 orders of magnitude

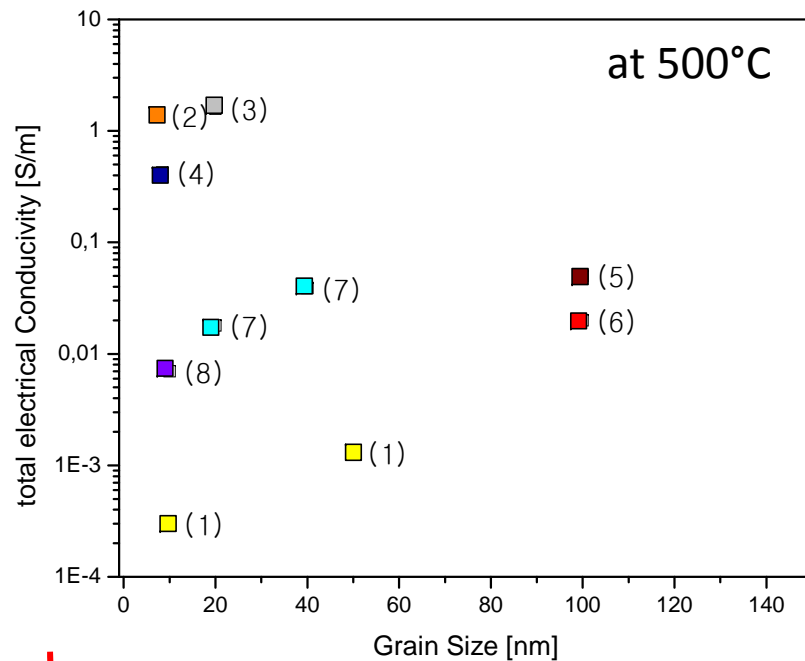
eV scatters up to 30 %

[1] Infortuna, A., A.S. Harvey, and L.J. Gauckler, *Advanced Functional Materials*, 2008. 18: p. 127-135.
 [2] Hertz, J.L. and H.L. Tuller, *Journal of Electroceramics*, 2004. 13(1-3): p. 663-668.
 [3] Kosacki, I., et al., *Solid State Ionics*, 2000. **136-137**: p. 1225-1233.
 [4] Garcia-Sanchez, M.F., et al., *Solid State Ionics*, 2008. 179(7-8): p. 243-249.
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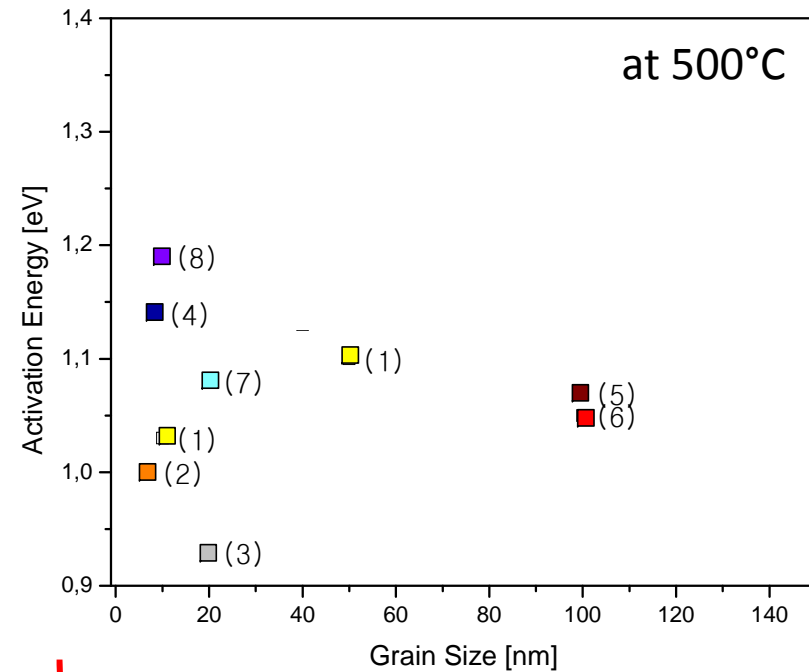
[6] T. Petrovsky, H. U. Anderson, and V. Petrovsky, *Solid State Ionics - 2002. Symposium (Mater. Res. Soc. Symposium Proceedings Vol.756)*, pp. 515-20[xvi+575, 2003.
 [7] S. Heiroth, Th. Lippert, A.Wokaun and M. Döbeli, *Applied Physics A*, [in press]
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Conduction scatters 3 orders of magnitude

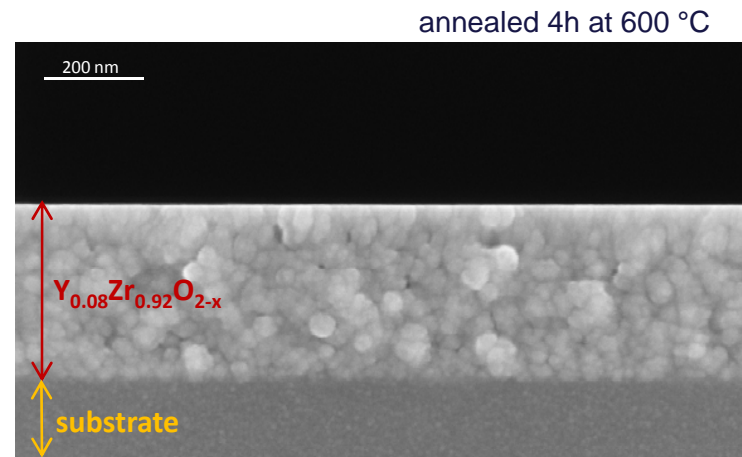
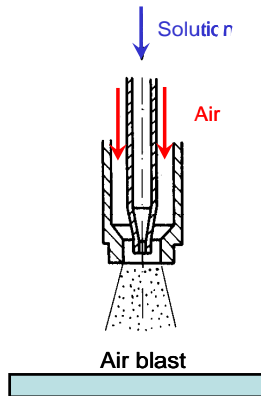


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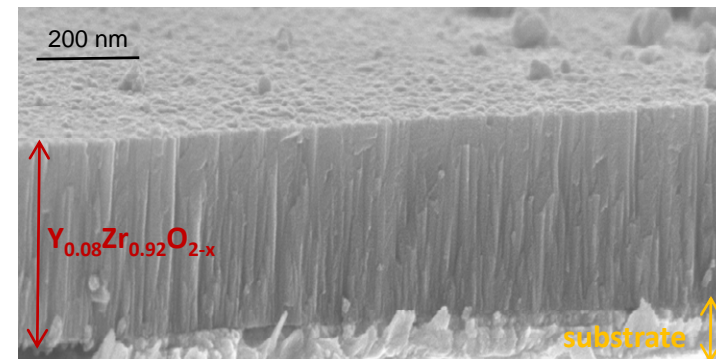
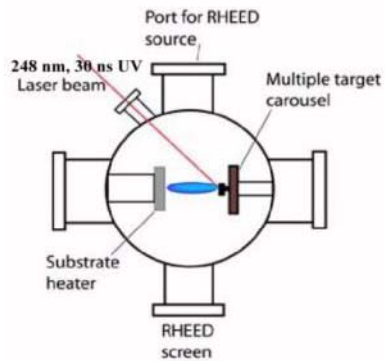
one material, but different: grain size, degree of crystallinity, strain...

$Y_{0.08}Zr_{0.92}O_{2-x}$ Electrolyte

Spray pyrolysis



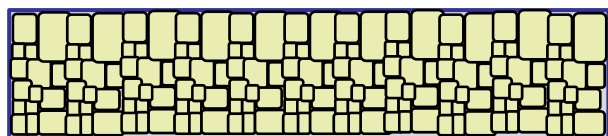
Pulsed laser deposition (PLD)



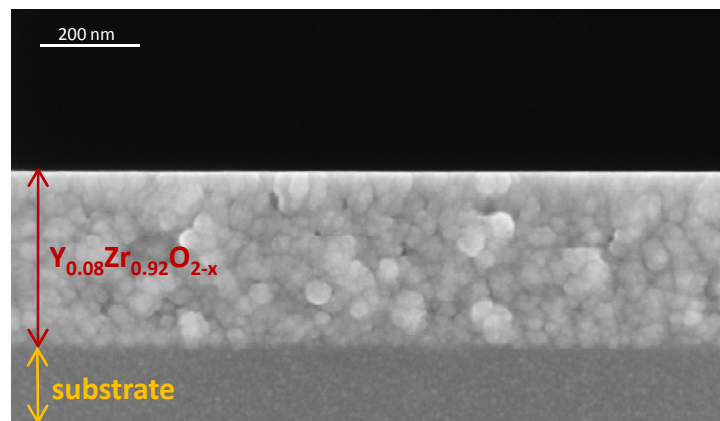
Dense films result after annealing, but grain microstructure is influenced by initial processing.

$Y_{0.08}Zr_{0.92}O_{2-x}$ Electrolyte

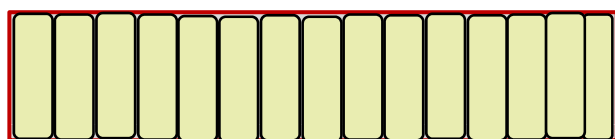
Non-Vacuum-technique:
Spray pyrolysis



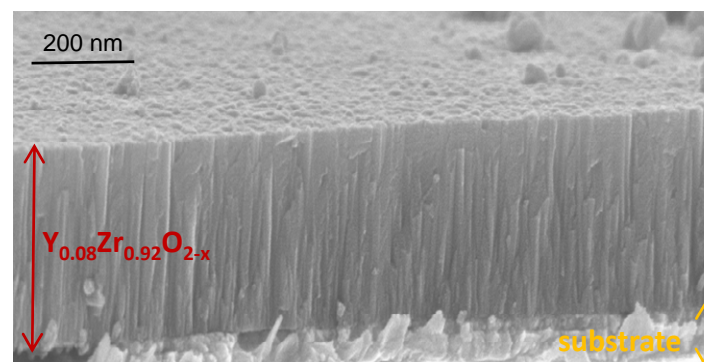
brick-layer grained microstructure
- after annealing of amorphous film



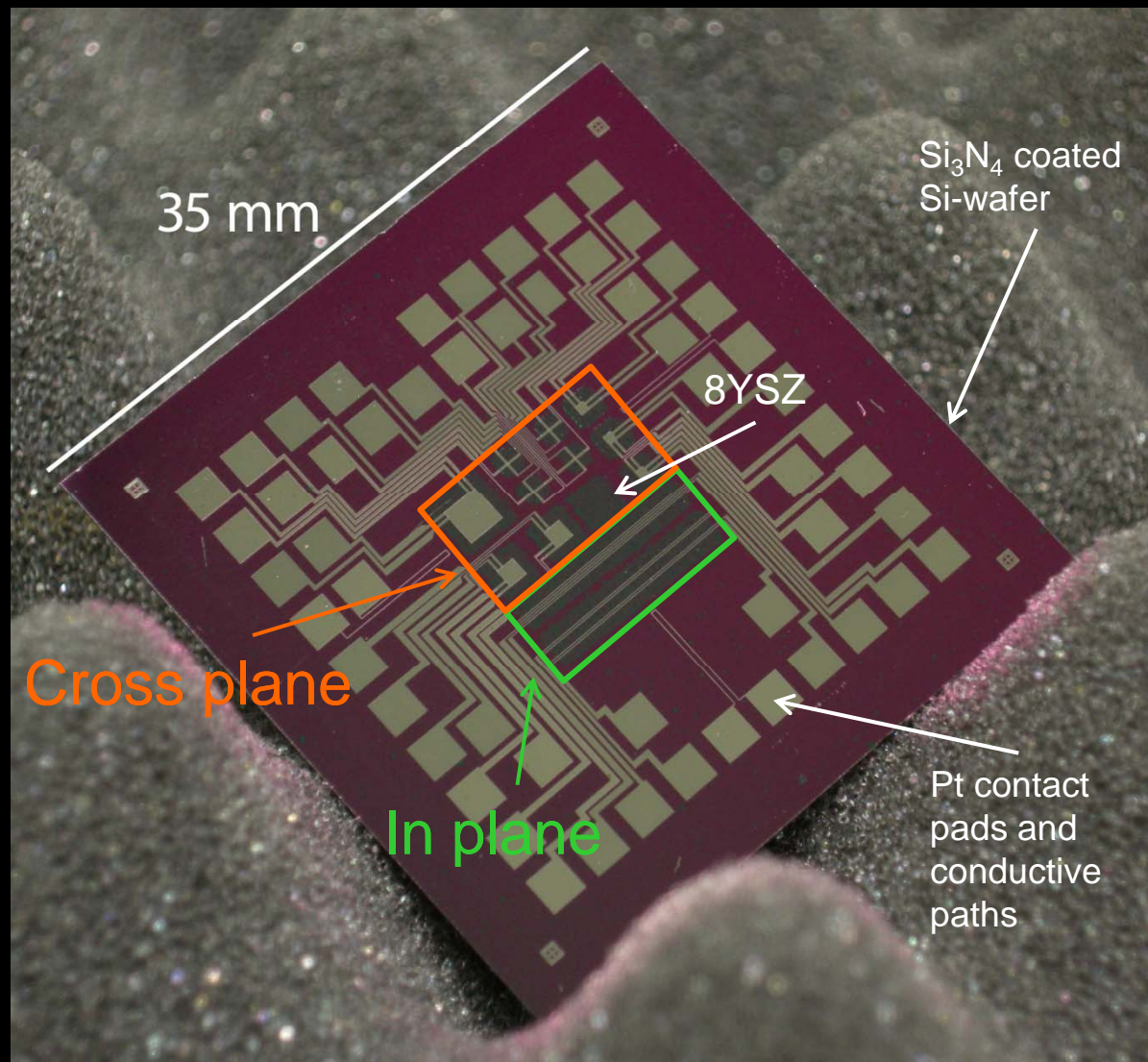
Vacuum-technique:
Pulsed laser deposition (PLD)

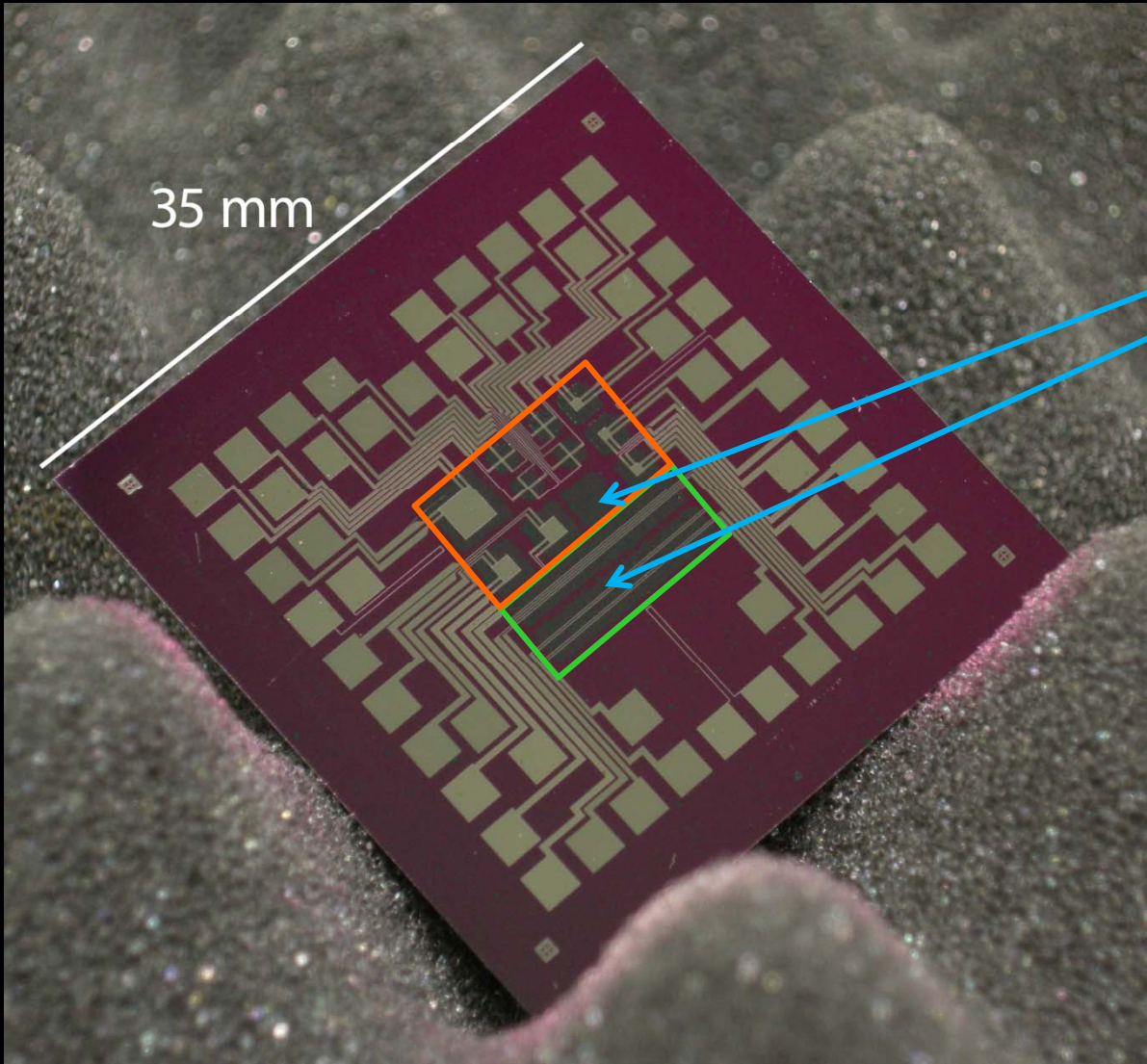


columnar grained thin films
- after annealing of crystalline film

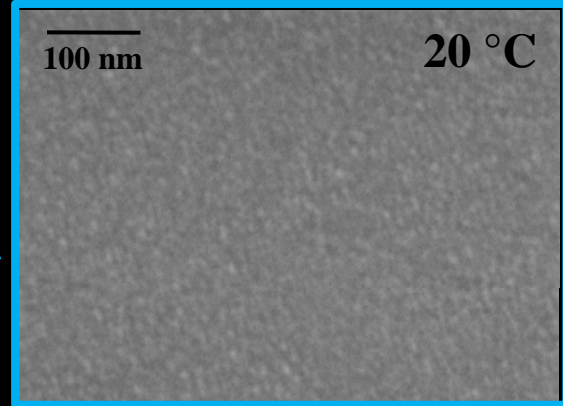


μ SOFC electrolyte microstructures is engineerable via annealing and use of different deposition techniques





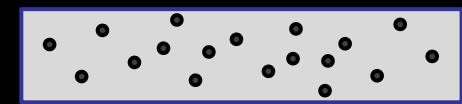
35 mm

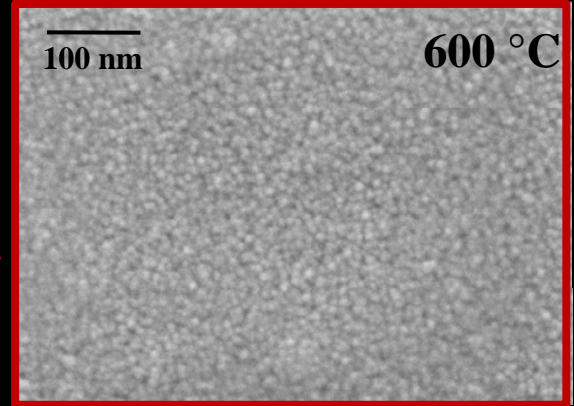
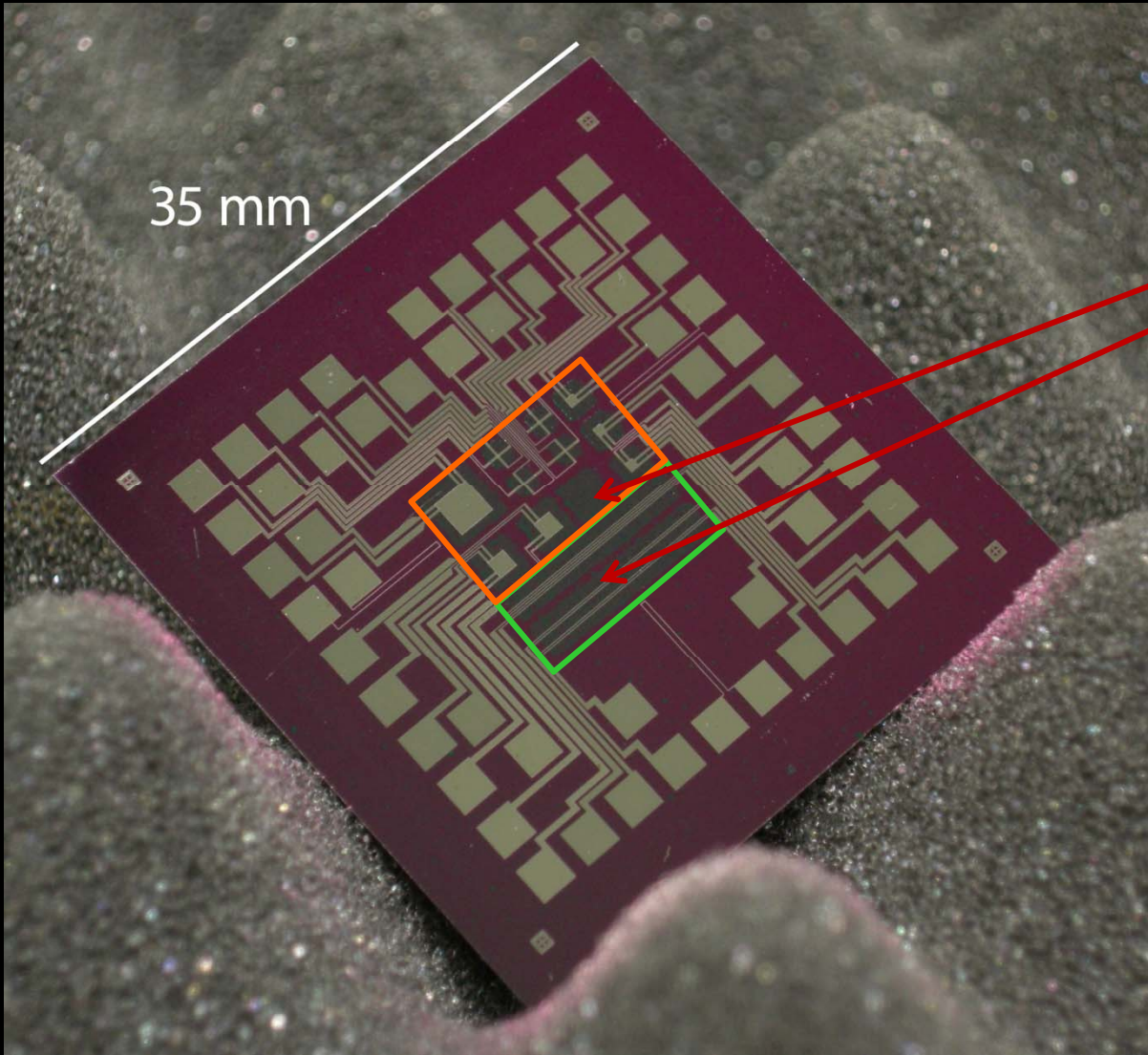


100 nm

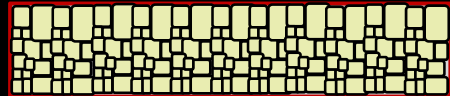
20 °C

amorphous spray
pyrolysis films
at deposition



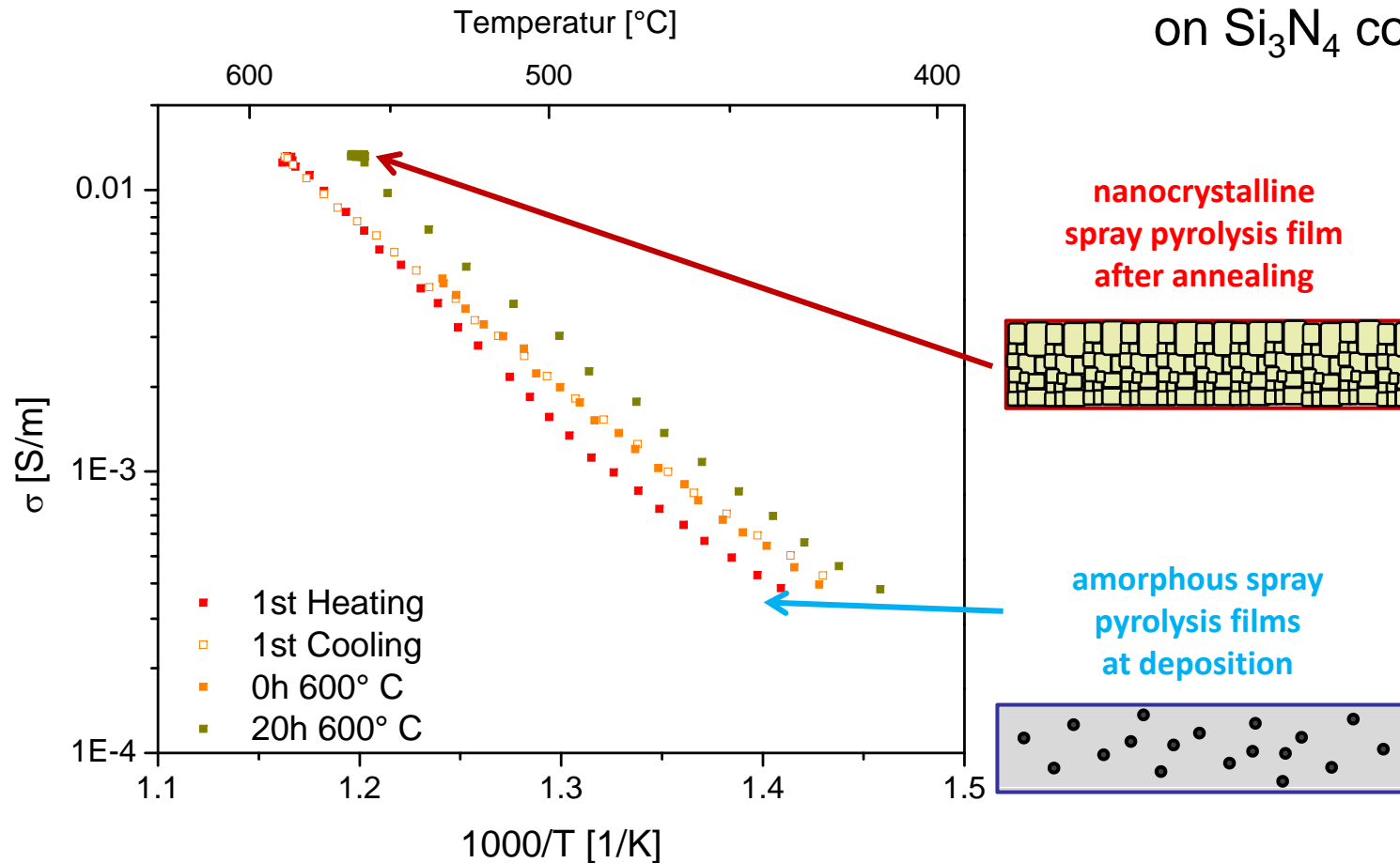


**nanocrystalline
spray pyrolysis film
after annealing**



$Y_{0.08}Zr_{0.92}O_{2-x}$ Electrolyte

on Si_3N_4 coated Si-wafer



➤ Total electrical conductivity increases with increasing crystallinity.

Outline

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Thin films

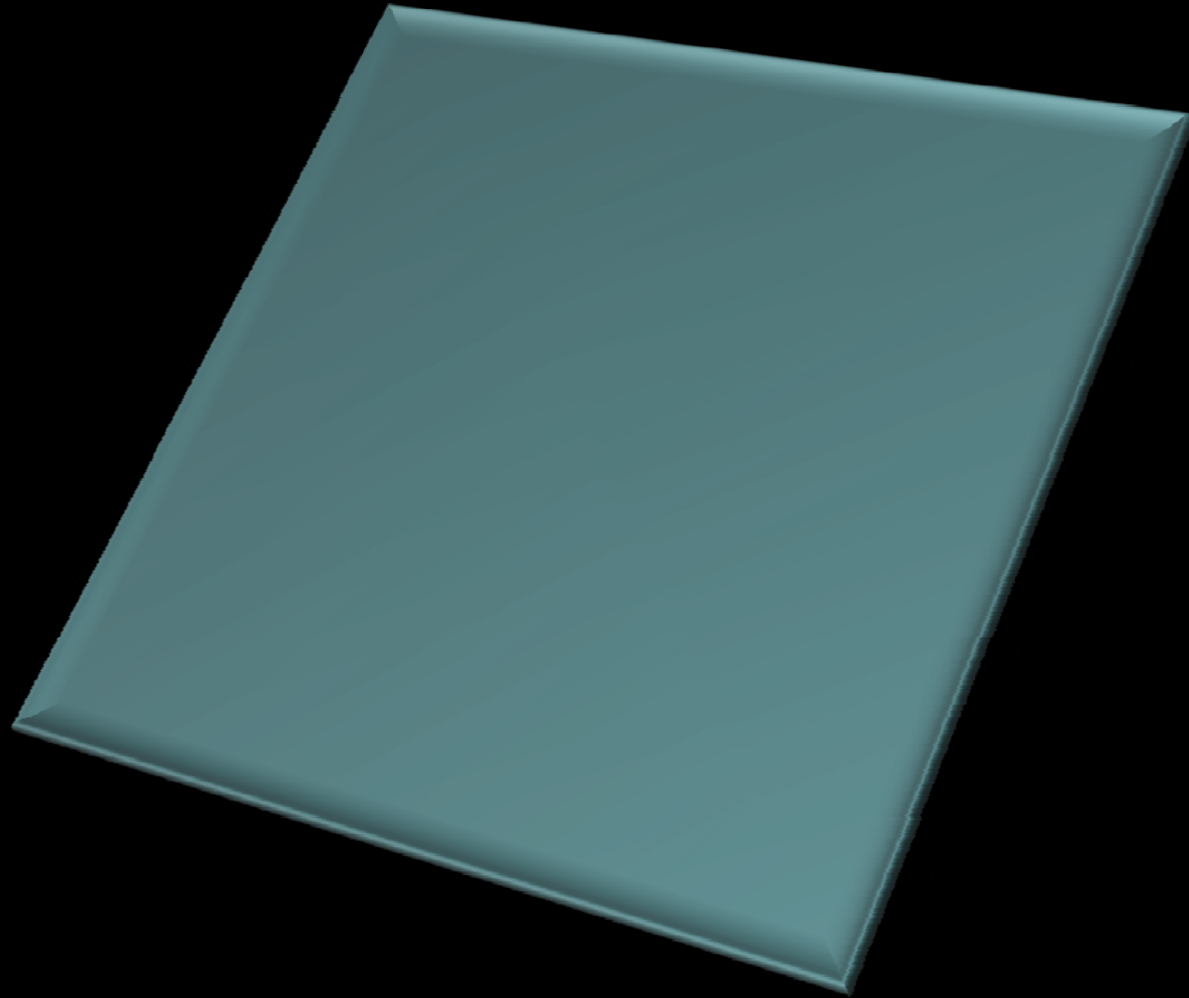
Processing

Power

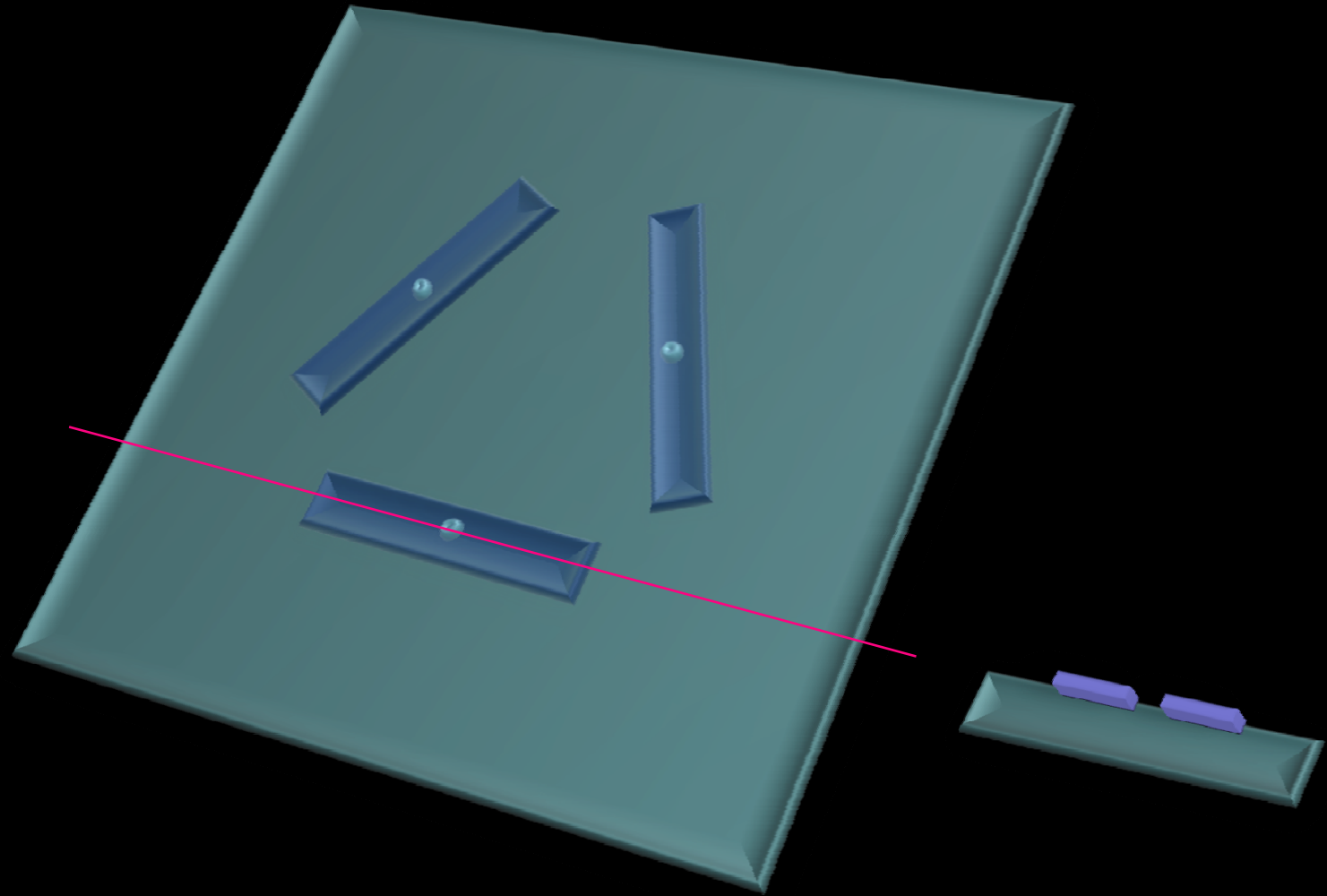
Summary

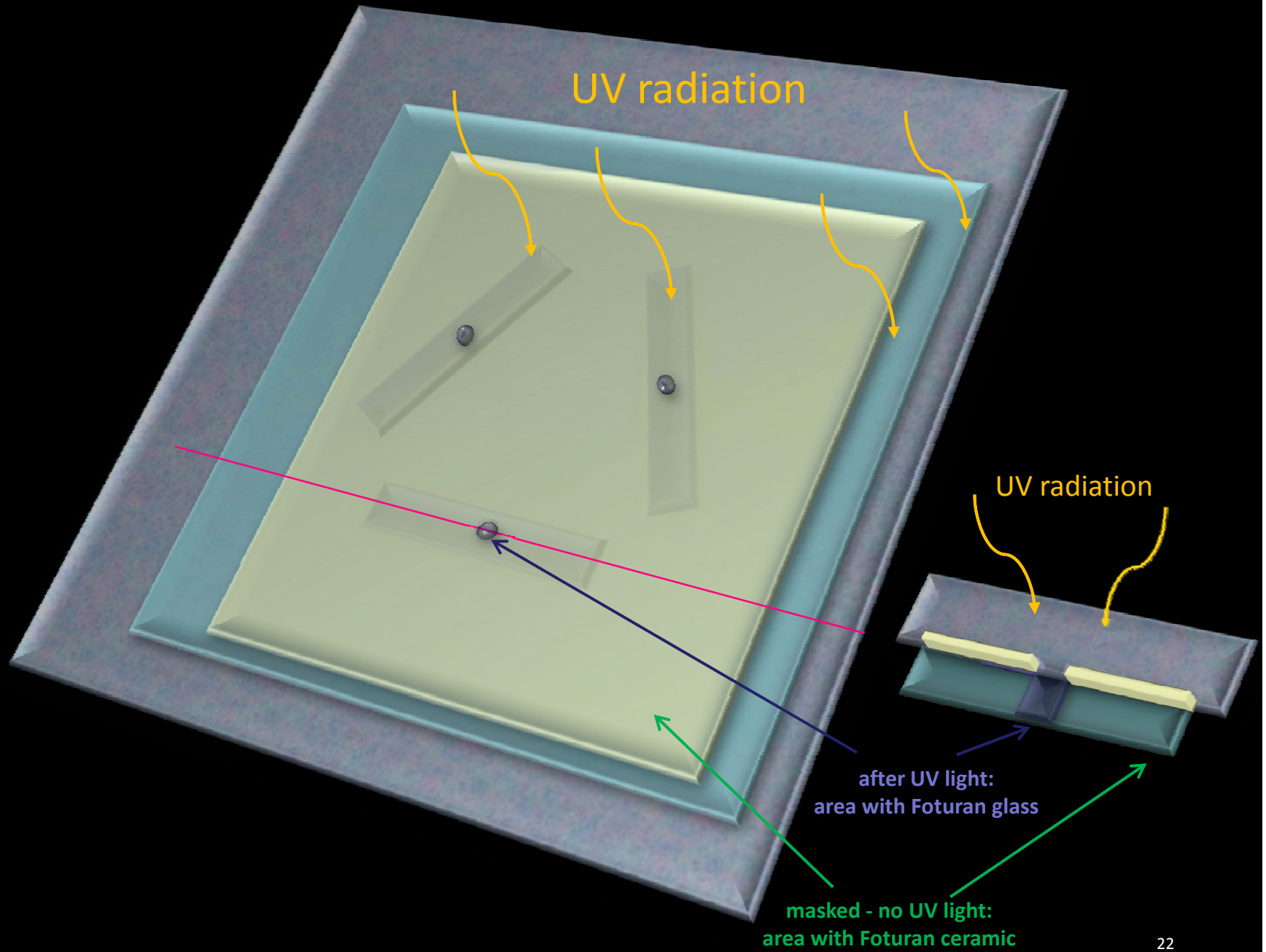
Outlook

Foturan glass-ceramic wafer piece

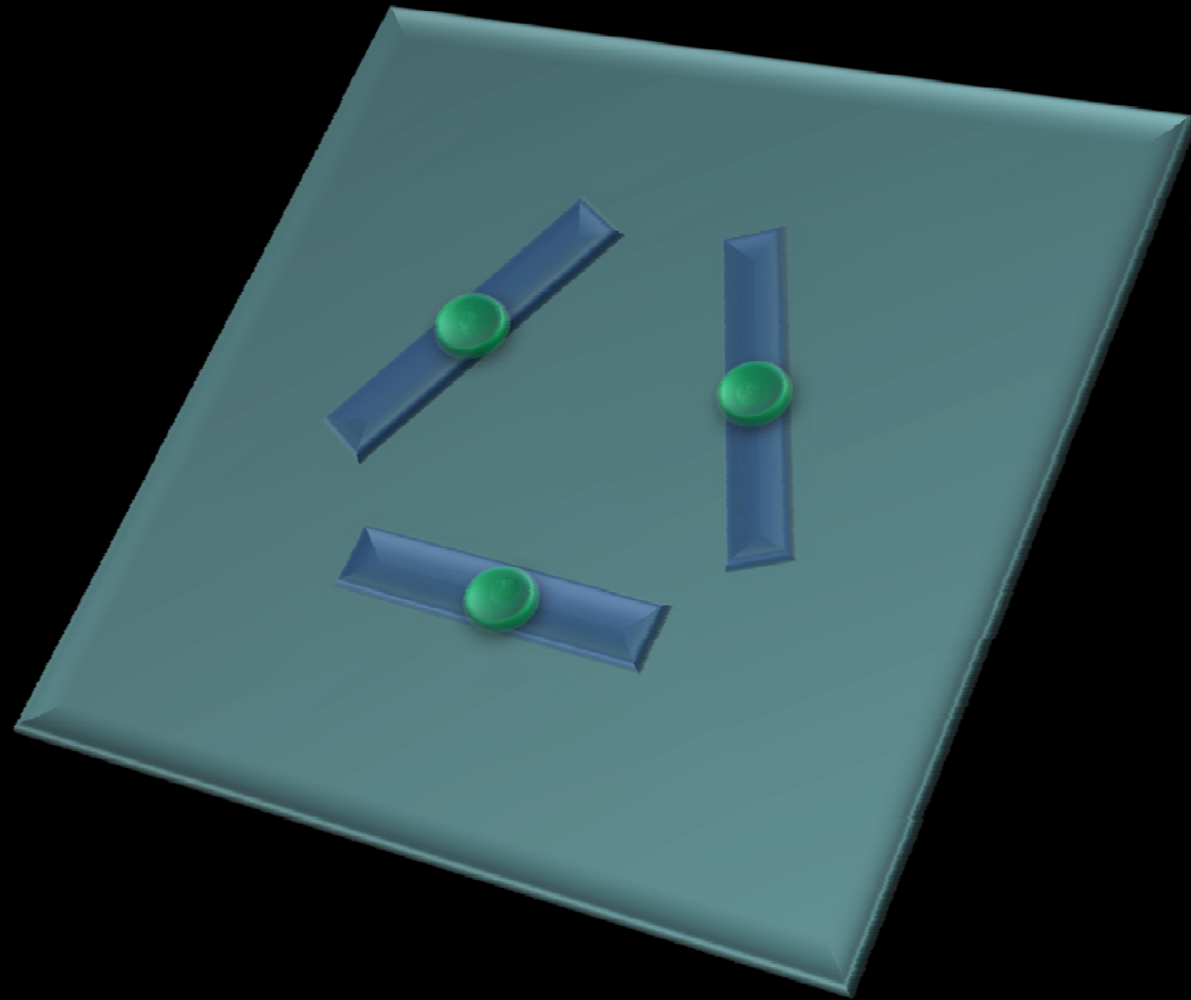


Sputtered current collectors

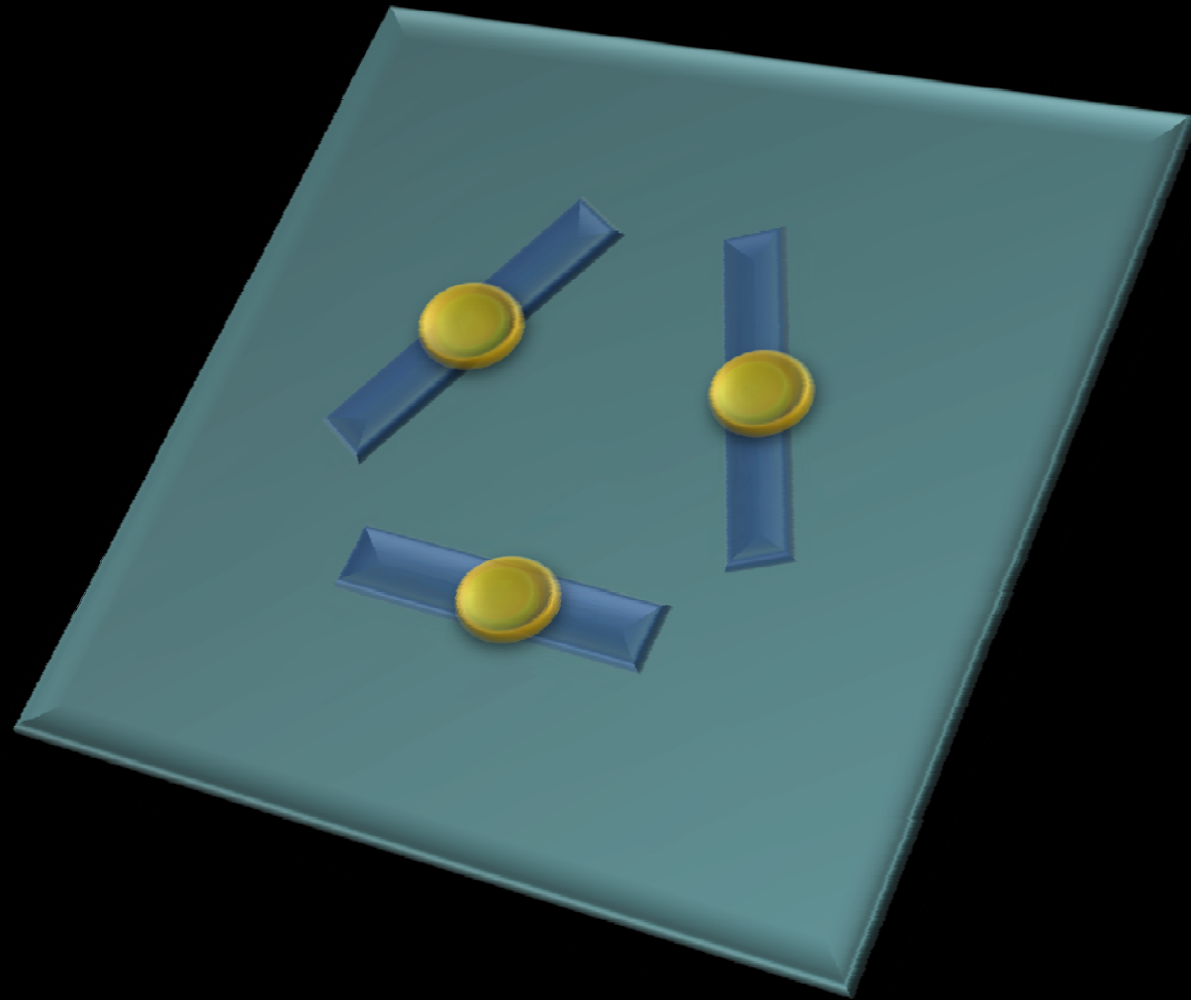




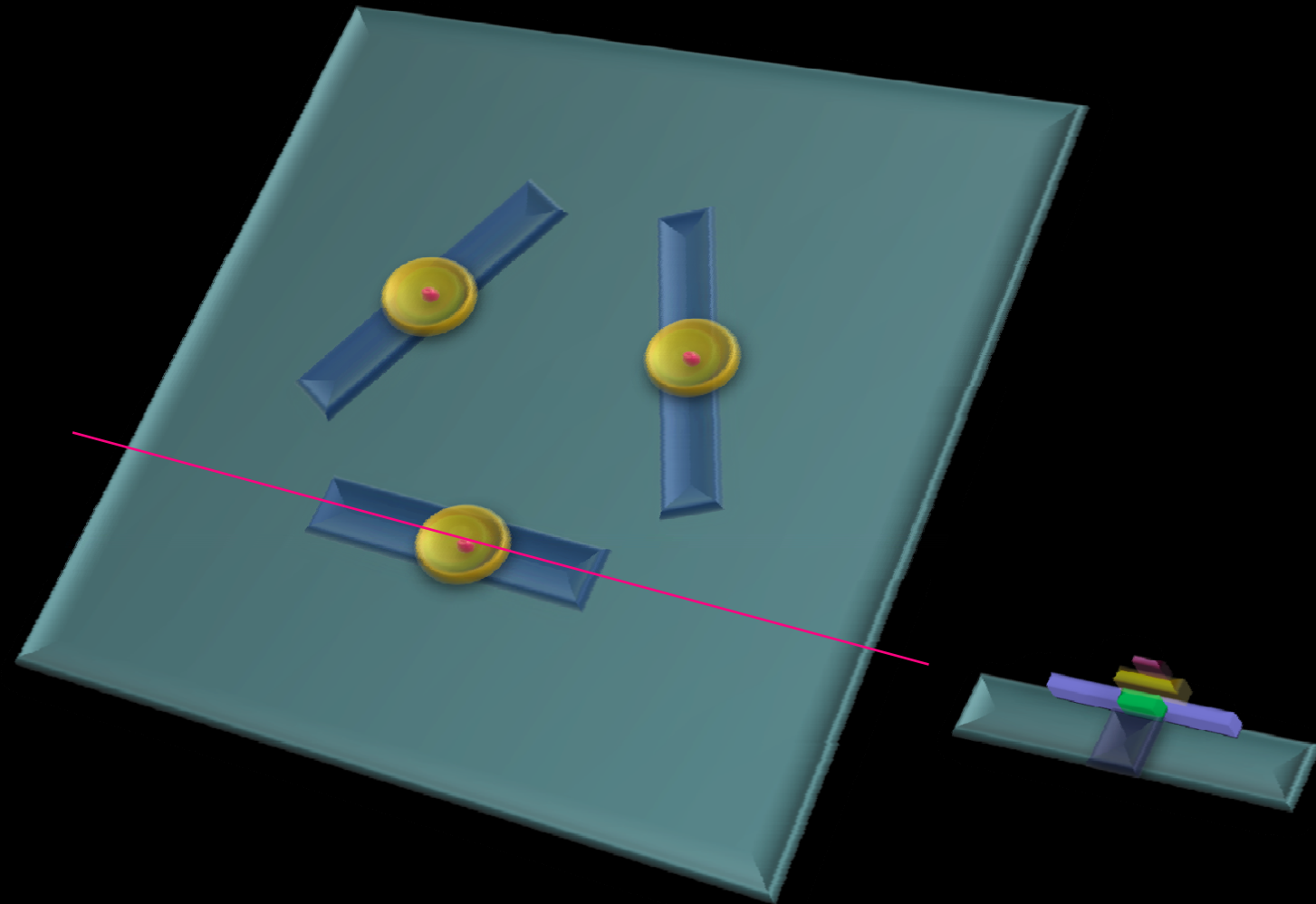
anode thin film depositions



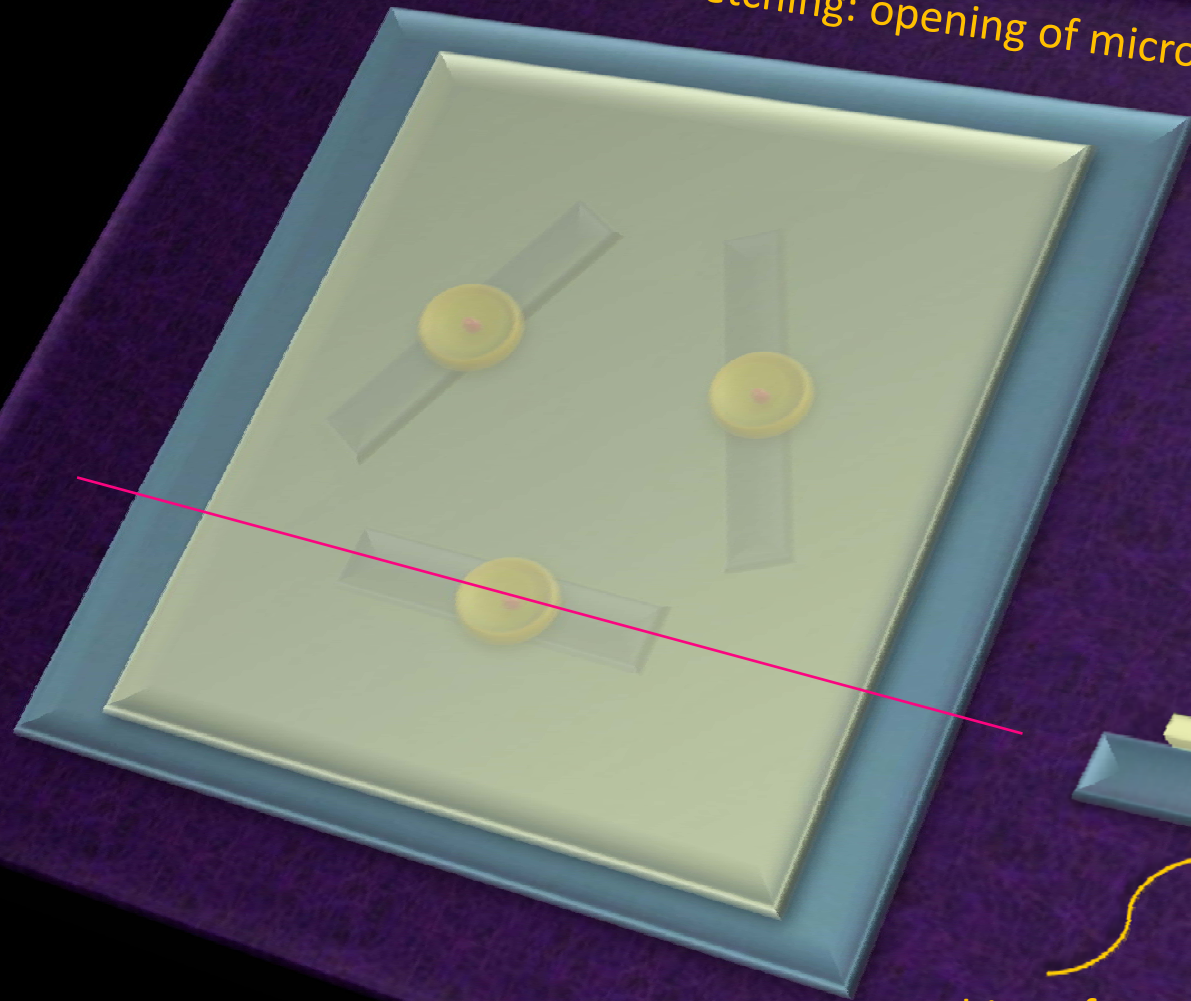
electrolyte thin film depositions



cathode thin film depositions

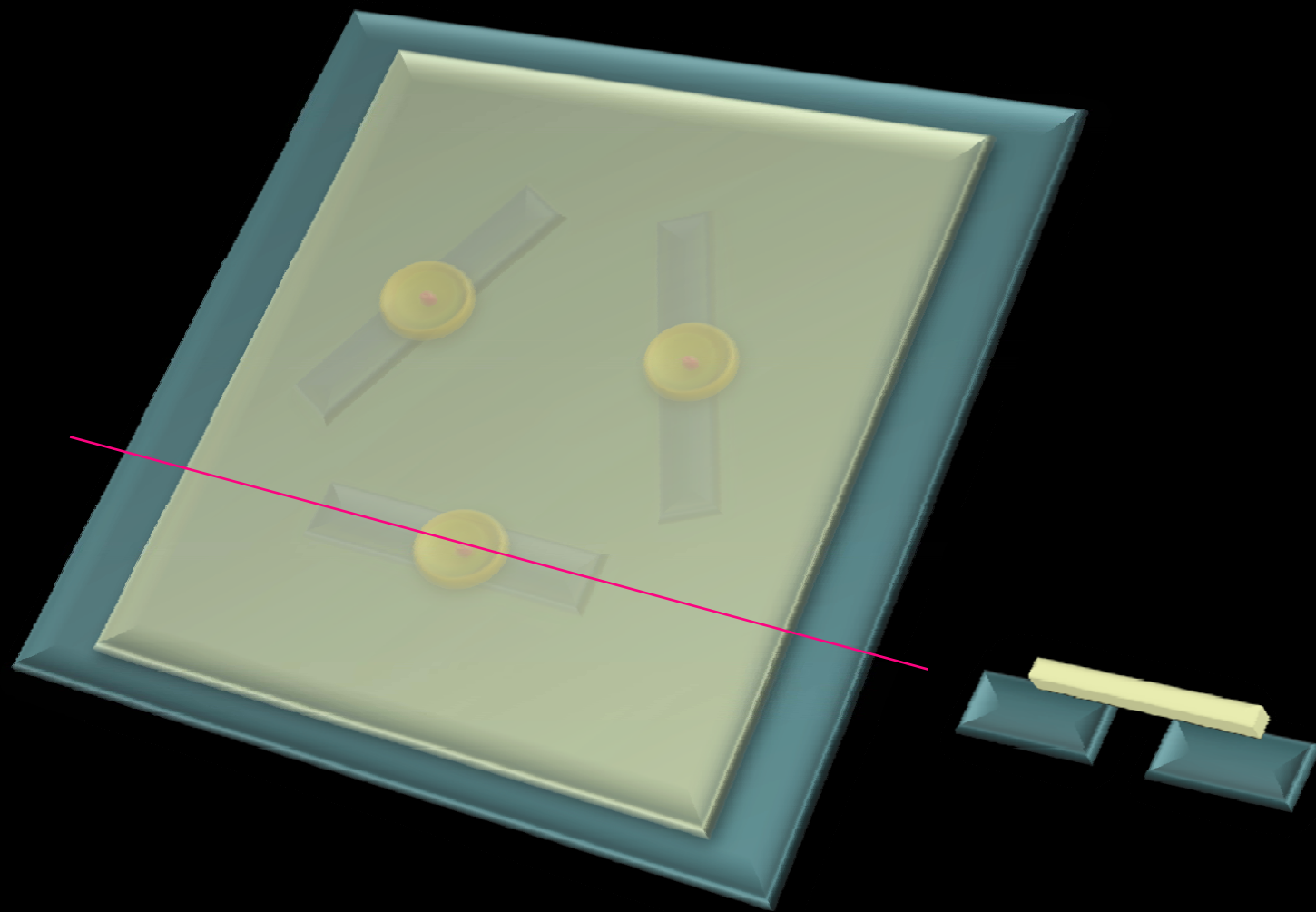


Selective HF-acid etching: opening of micro-SOFC membrane

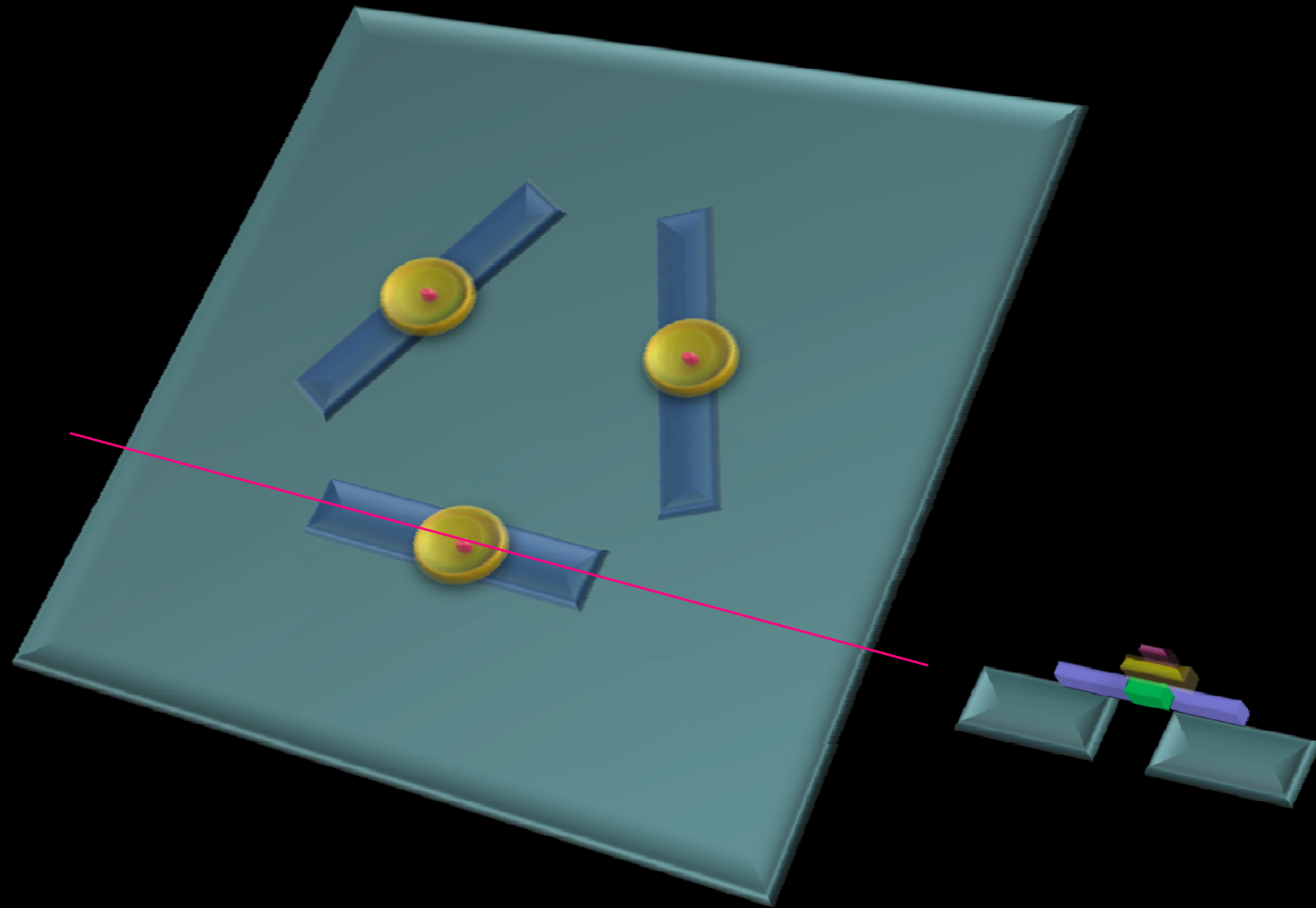


Etching of Foturan glass
In 10% HF-acid

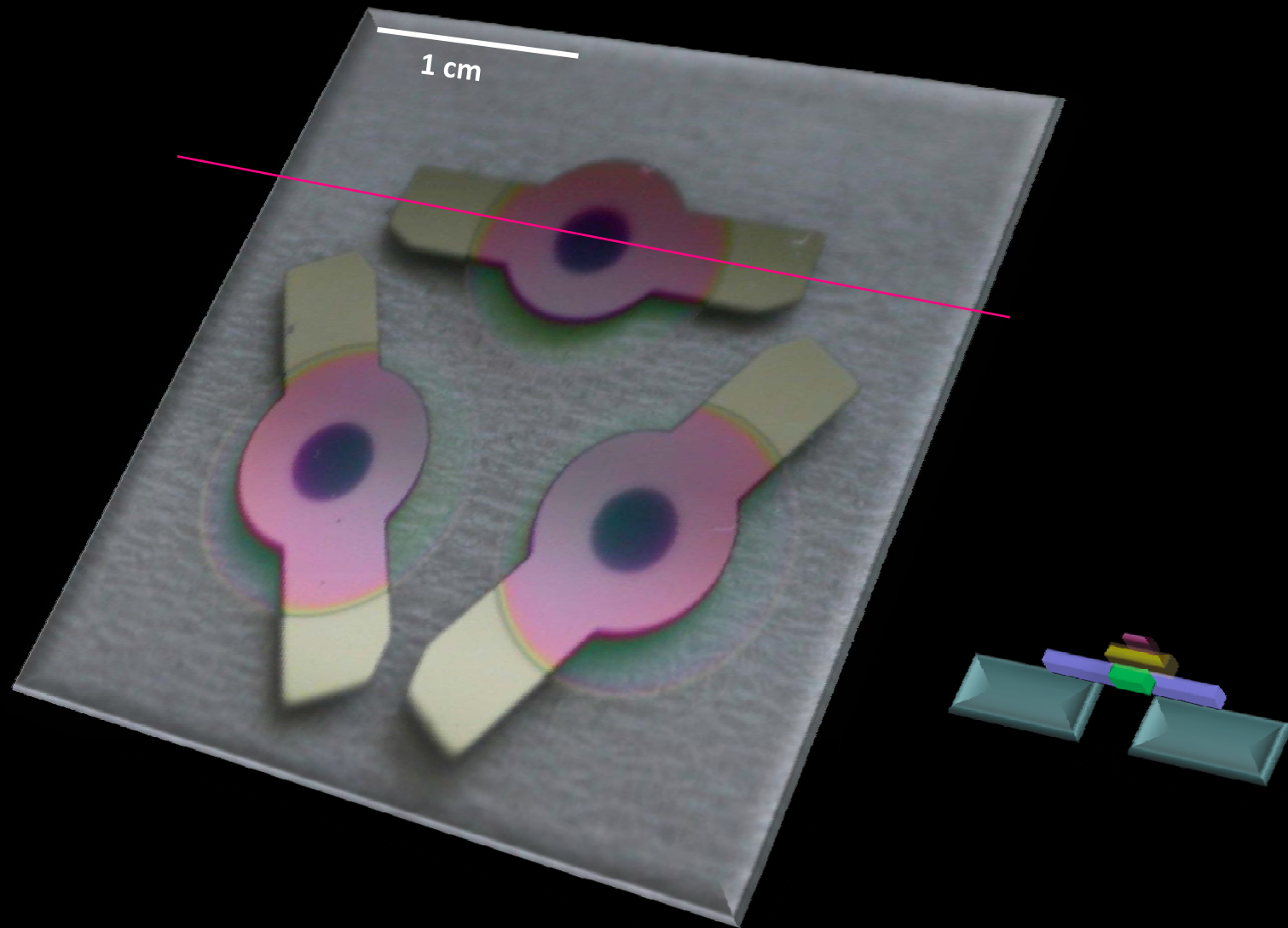
free standing membranes covered with photoresist



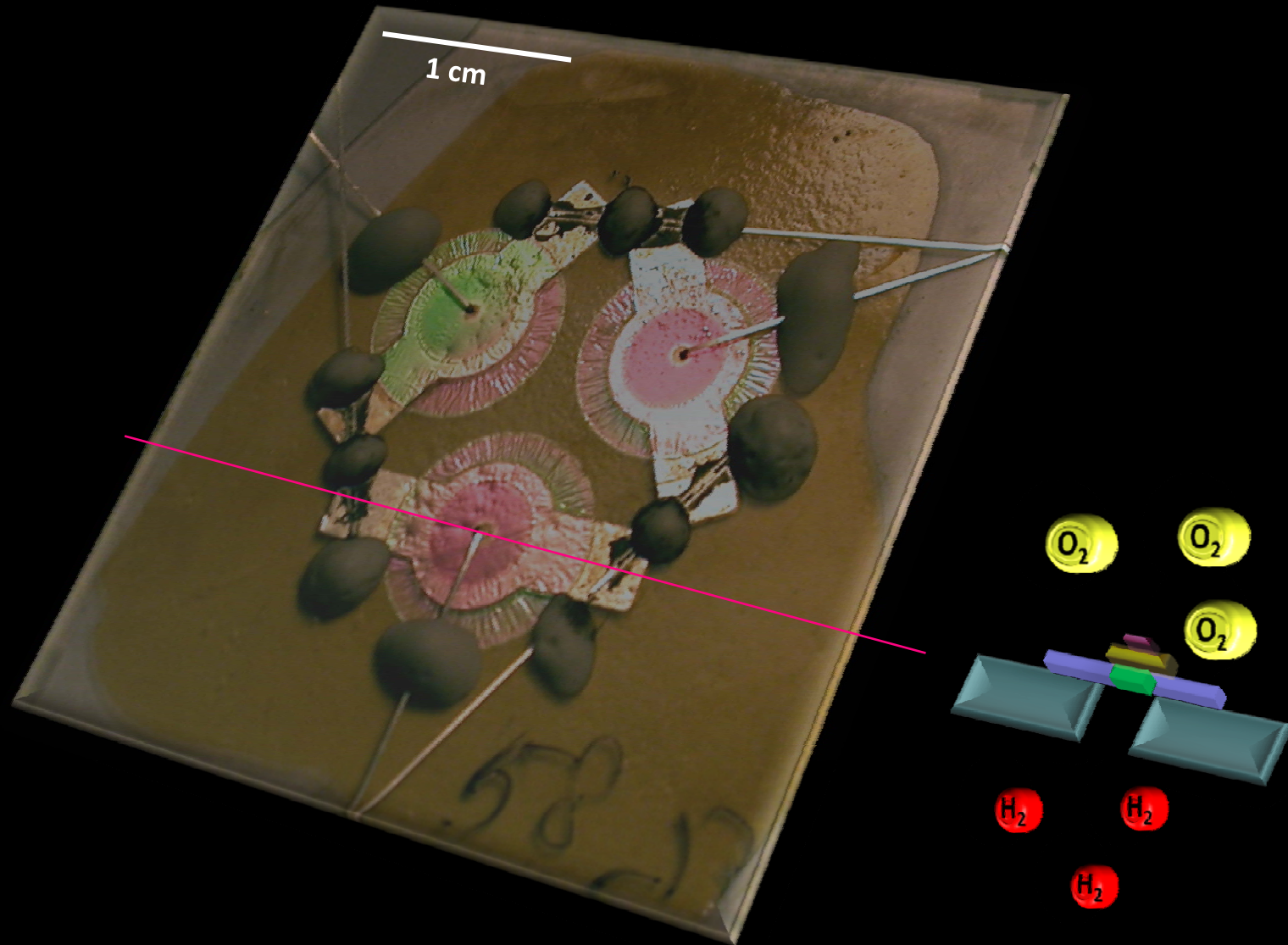
free standing SOFC membranes

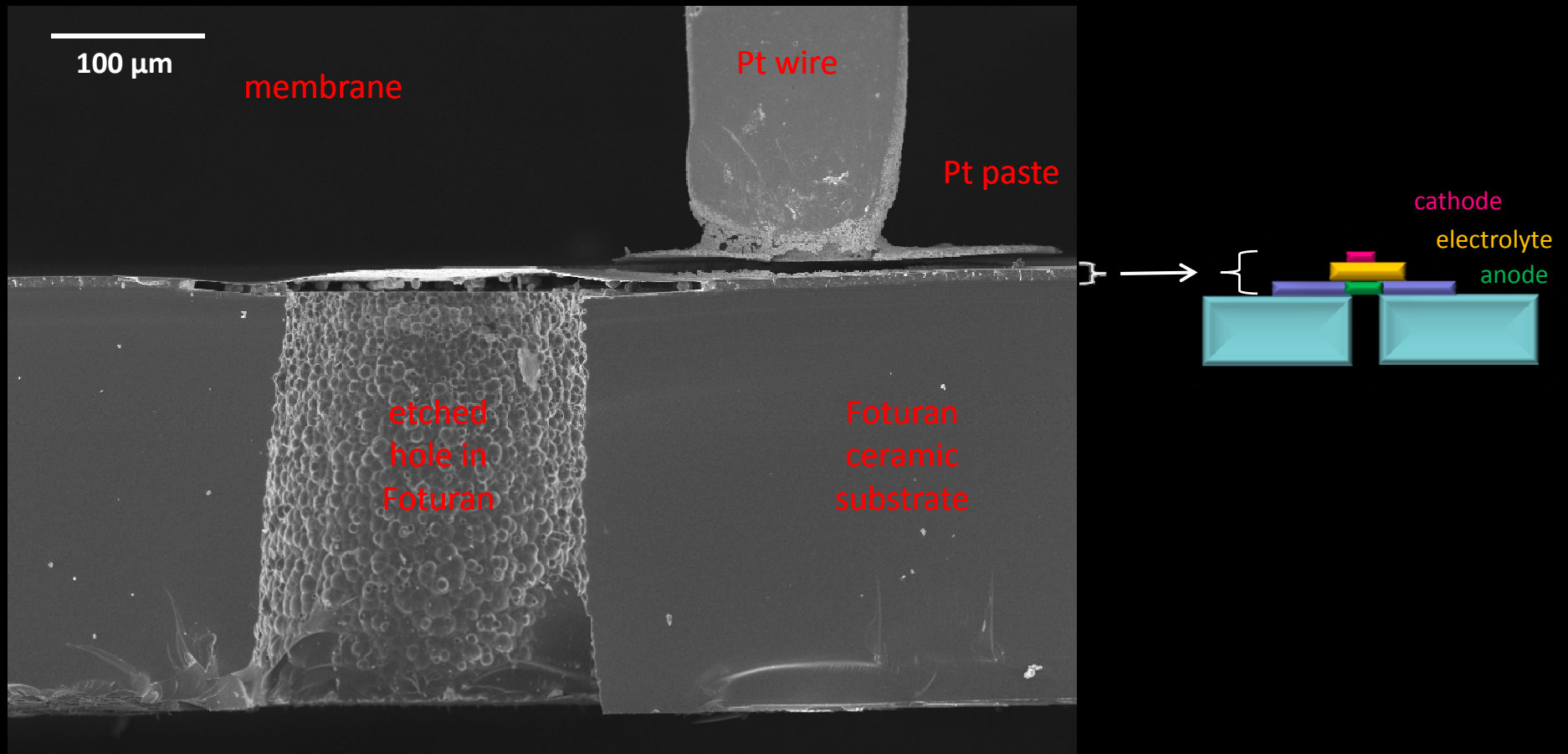


free standing SOFC membranes before cell testing



free standing SOFC membranes after cell testing at 550 °C





Micro-SOFC membranes on Foturan substrates are feasible: 200 μm wide & < 1 μm thin

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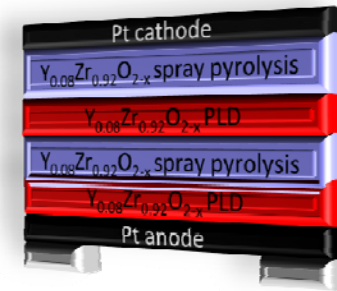
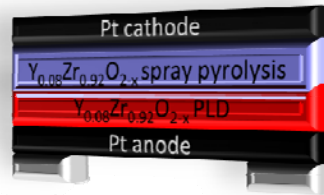
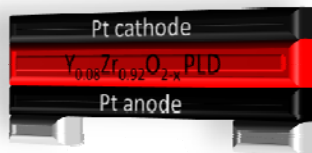
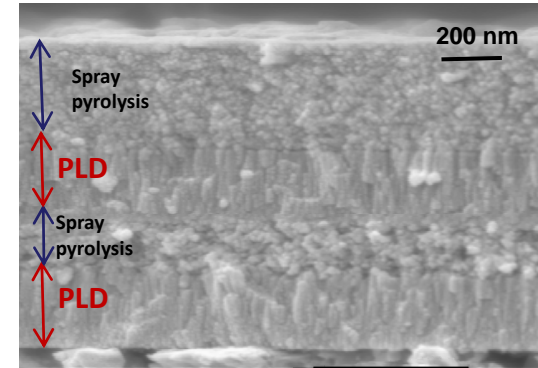
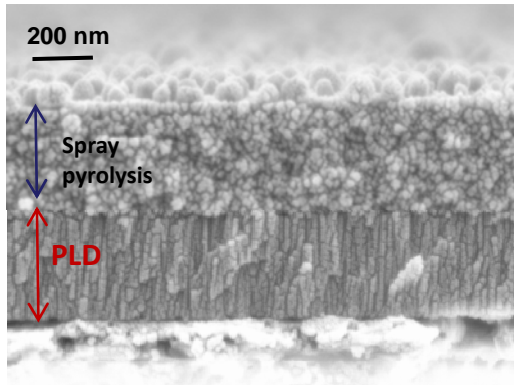
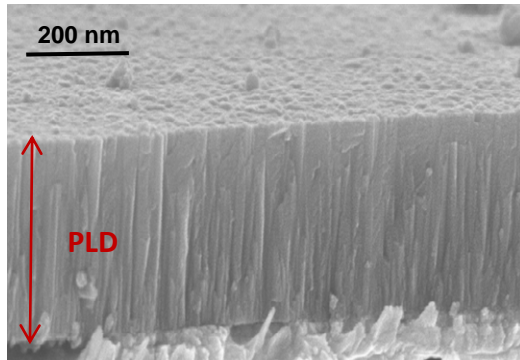
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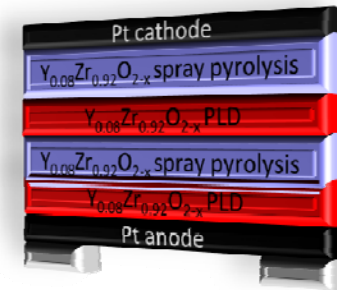
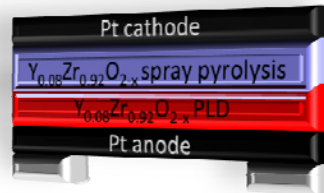
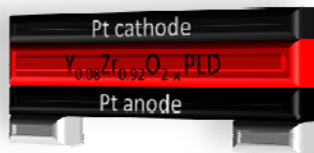
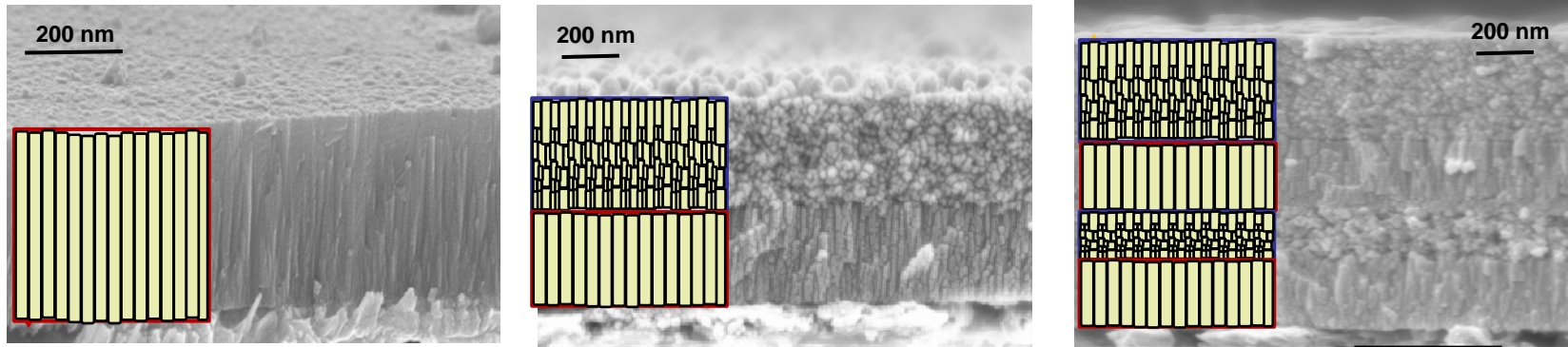
Impact of μ SOFC electrolyte-microstructure on cell performance

SEM: $Y_{0.08}Zr_{0.92}O_{2-x}$ thin films



Impact of μ SOFC electrolyte-microstructure on cell performance

SEM: $Y_{0.08}Zr_{0.92}O_{2-x}$ thin films

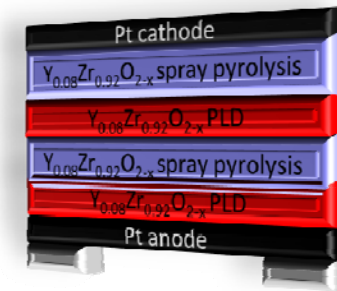
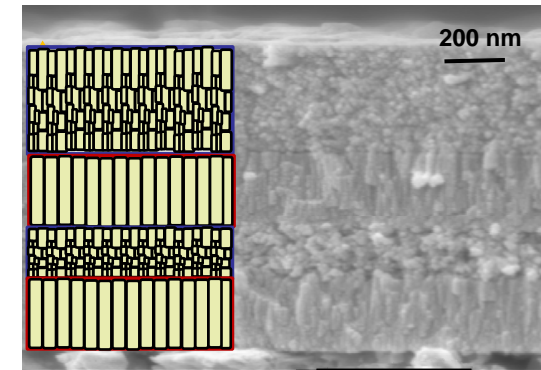
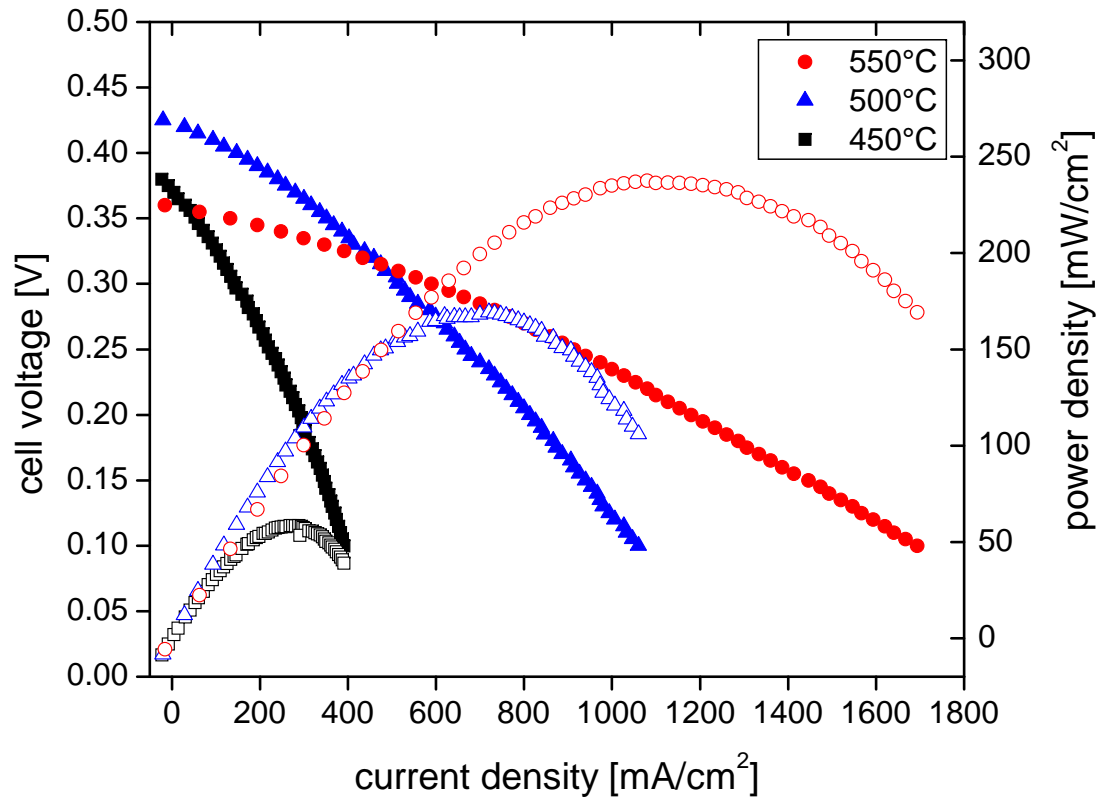


electrolyte thickness



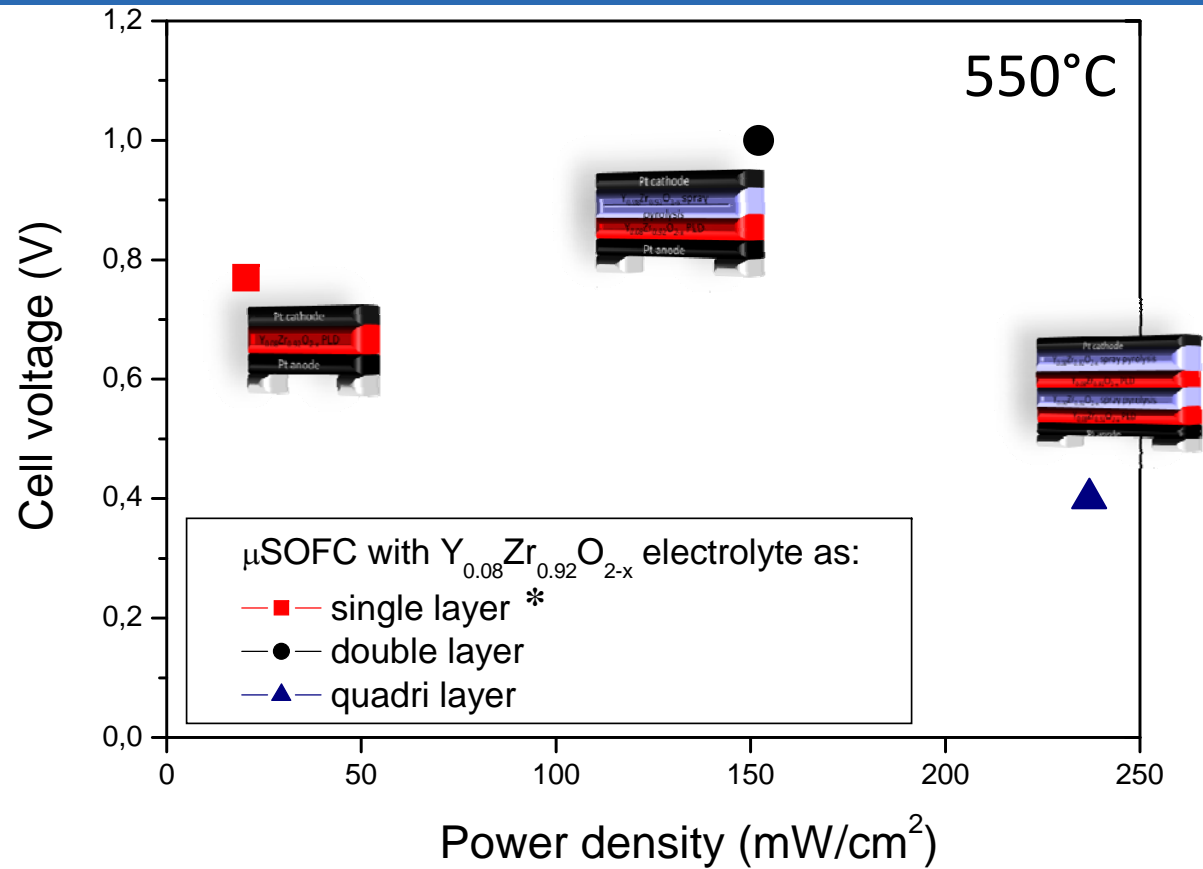
amount of alternating layers (columnar & brick-like)

Impact of μ SOFC electrolyte-microstructure on cell performance



⇒ Free-standing membrane operates with 237 mW/cm² at 550°C

Impact of μ SOFC electrolyte-microstructure on cell performance



Ref.: * U.P. Muecke, D. Beckel, A. Bernard, A. Bieberle-Hütter, S. Graf, A. Infortuna, P. Müller, J.L.M. Rupp, J. Schneider and L. J. Gauckler, Advanced Functional Materials, accepted 2008

amount of alternating layers (columnar & brick-like) → cell performance
better sealing, longer annealing steps

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Summary

- Micro-Solid Oxide Fuel Cells are feasible: 210 mW/cm² at 550 °C per membrane.
- Performance is highly affected by the choice of SOFC thin film material and its microstructure.

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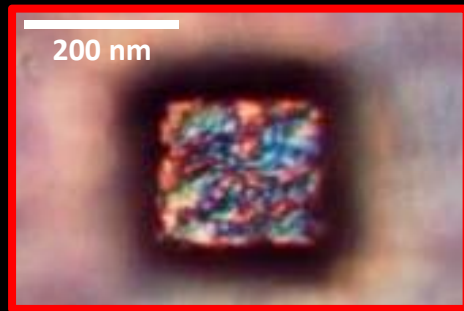
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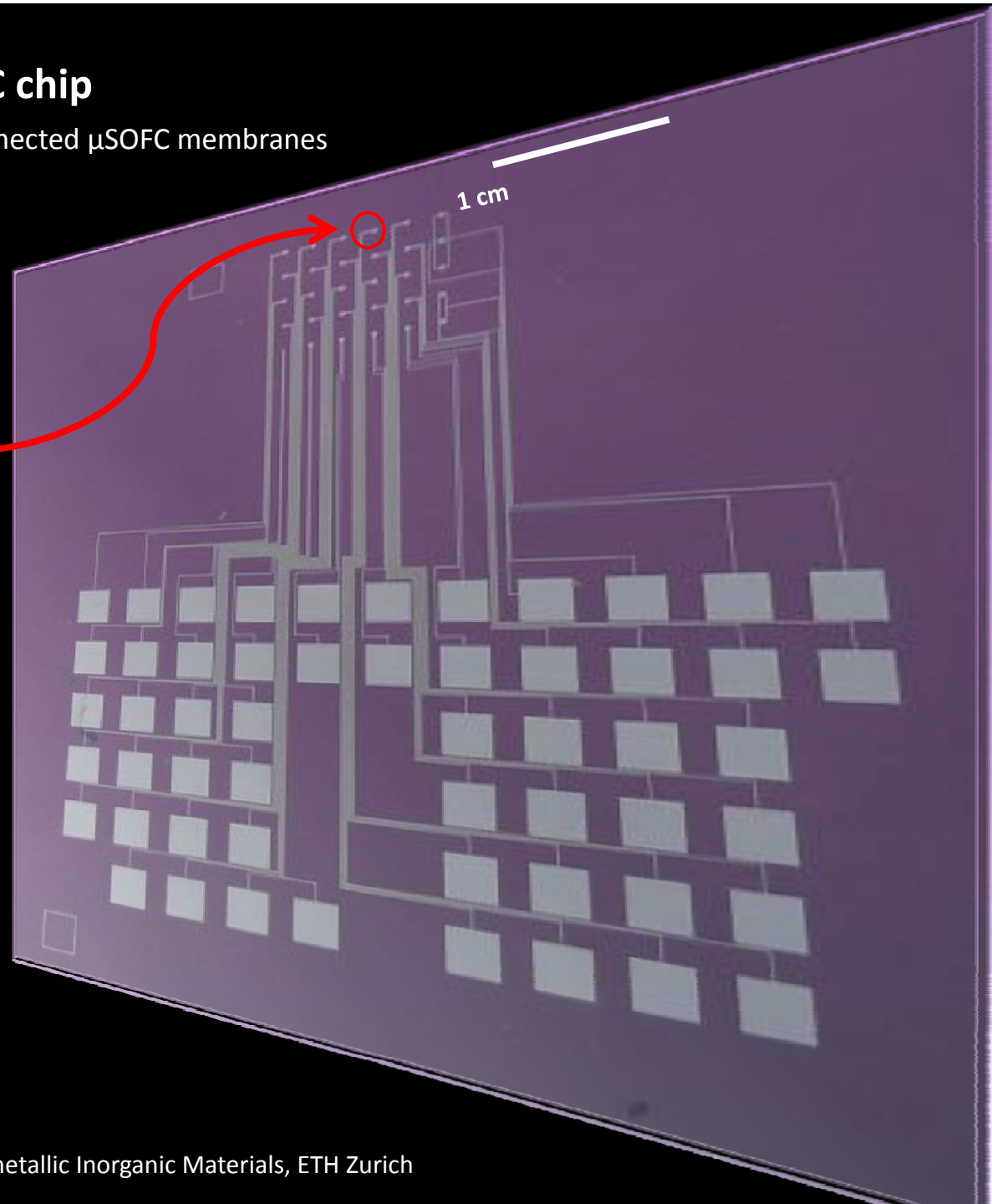
Outlook

New: Si-based μ SOFC chip

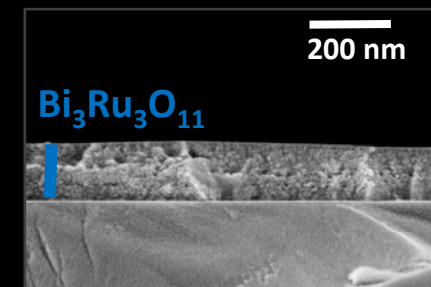
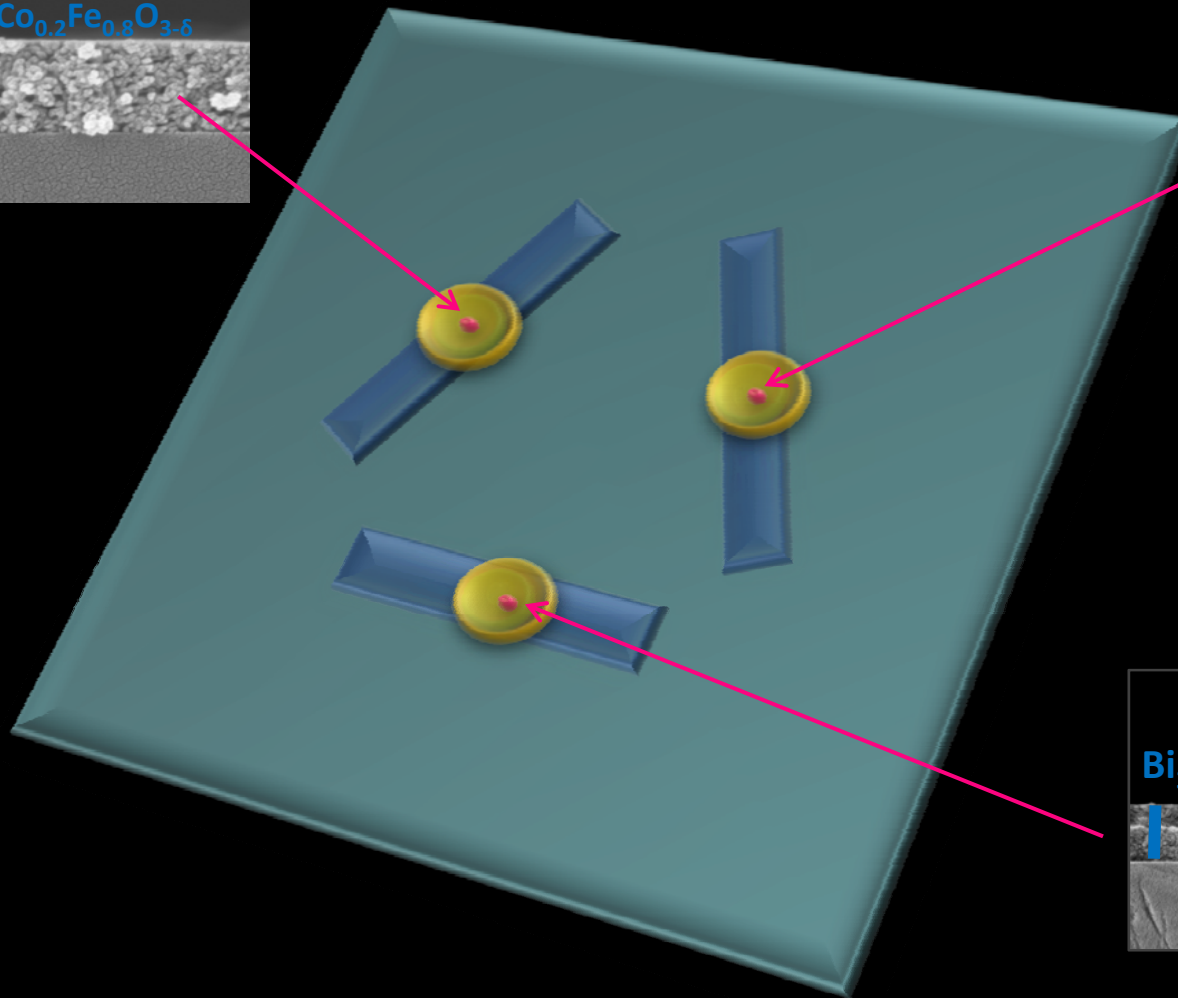
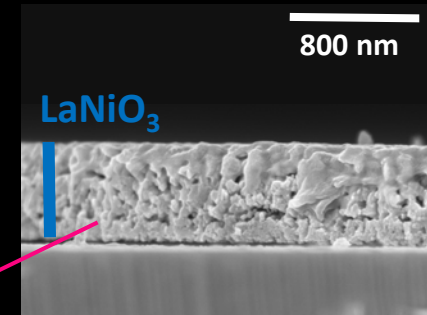
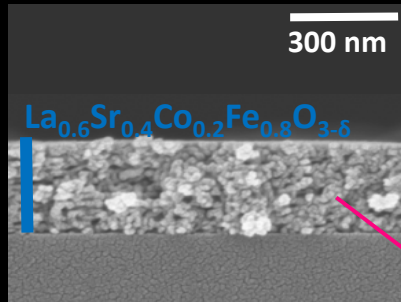
up to 30 single & parallel connected μ SOFC membranes



single membrane



To do next: increasing cell performance by better suited cathodes



Acknowledgements and Funding

Thank you:

- the Micro-Solid Oxide Fuel Cell team at ETH Zurich
- NANCER partners
- ONEBAT partners

Funding:



Competence center of material science and technology (CCMX) of the ETH board, Switzerland



Federal Office for Professional Education and Technology, Switzerland

KTI / CTI

Competence Center for Energy and Mobility, Switzerland

swiss*electric*
research

Swiss electricity grid companies